NO. 83-5431

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER TERM, 1983

SEP 6 1983

OFFICE OF THE CLERK
SUPREME COURT, U.S.

BARBARA A. COJANIS

PENTIONER - APPELLEE

PETER J. COJAWIS
RESPONDENT-APPELLANT

PETER J. COJANIS
PLANTIFF - APPELLANT

WILLIAM E DRUKE, GARY R. POPE JUDGES, PIMA COUNTY, ARIZOUR

PETER J. COJANIS
PLAINTIFF- APPELLANT

LEWIS RAY SPROLIN, MARYV. SPRADUN
PHILIP FAHRINGER, EDNA BLANK
JAMES D. HATHATINAY, LAWARENCE
HOWARD, BENC BIRDSALL, ELIZABETH URINN
FRITZ, RONALD W. SOMMER, ERIC CAHAN
STATE OF ARIZONA

DEFENOMIS - APPELLERS

APPEAL FROM THE FINALORDER OF THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE WINTH CIRCUIT

JURIS DICTIONAL STATEMENT

ERIC CA NAN ESQ.

POUTHORY & CHING ESQ.

POUNDO W. SOMMER ESQ.

STEVEN MEETY ESQ.

PETER J. COMMIS, APPELLANT 96 SANTA CRUZ CO JAIL MOGALES ARIZONA 85621 721.608-287-7/08 IN PROPRIS PERSONA SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER TERM, 1983

BARBARA A. COJANIS
PETITIONER - APPELLEE

PETER J. COJAWIS
RESPONDENT-APPELLANT

PETER J. COJANIS

PLANTIFF - APPELLANT

WILLIAM E DRUKE, GARY R. POPE

JUDGES, PIMA COUNTY, ARIZOUR

PETER J. COJANIS
PLAINTIFF- APPELLANT

LEWIS RAY SPROLIN, MARYV. SPRADUN
OHILIP FAHRINGER, EDNA BLANK
JAMES D. HATHATHAY, LAWRENCE
HOWARD, BENC BIRDSALL, ELIZABETH URUN
FRITZ, ROWALD W. SOMMER, ERK CAHAN
STATE OF ARIZONA

DEFENDANTS - APPELLERS

APPEAL FROM THE FINALORDER OF THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE WINTH CIRCUIT

JURIS DICTIONAL STATEMENT

ERIC CA HAN ESQ.

POUTHORY B. CHING 559

ROMALD W. SOMMER ESQ

STEVEN MEETY ESQ

PEYER J. COJANIS, APPELLANT 96 SANTA CRUZ CO JAIL NOGALES ARIZONA 85621 TEL. 604-287-7/08 IN PROPRIS PERSONA

THELE OF CONTENTS

PAGE	
DESTIONS PRESENTED	
POUNDS ON WHICH COURT HAS JURISDICTION	
PROUNDS ON WHICH COUNTY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY OF ENTRY OF FINAL ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 Apr. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE OF ENTRY ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED JULY 54 1813 APR. 7,80 PATE ORDER TO BE REV	3
PATE NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED - July LB, 18 83 Apx 10	
STATUTORY PROVISION BELIEVED TO CONFER JURISDICTION 6,7	
ON STITUTIONAL PROVISIONS, STATUTES	,19
TA THE CASE	
CHARLENT IN HU QUESTIONS WEED COLORS	
IAA an I FORMA ALCUMENT I TURK THE TOTAL T	
- 1 - A CHOO / IVI/ [NOSC GOV PERSONS	
APPENDIX PAGE NOTICES CONTROLLED FROM APPENDIX POLIS	
AAAMALL 9	
COPY OF MOTIONS REQUESTING MY ADDONAL 9 RELIEF, DISTED JUNE 15, 983 - ADDENDIX 10 RELIEF, DISTED JUNE 15, 983 - ADDENDIX 10	
Copy of NOTICE OF APPEALS APPENDIX 10	
Copy of order RECIONED AFTER FILING NOTICE OF APPEALS	

QUESTIONS PRESENTED ON APPEAL

DID THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS INVALIDATE
THE REHOVAL ACT PASSED BY CONGRESS IN 1949 WHEN
WHEN THEY DENNED APPELLANTS REQUESTED IN JUNCTION
AGAINST STATE COVEY PROCEEDINGS, SUCH PROCEDINGS
IN VIOLATION OF REMOVAL STATUTES SECTIONS 1446(E)
AND 1450 WHICH PROMIBIT ANY STATE COURT PROCEDINGS
UNTIL OR UNLESS THE COSE IS REMANDED.

JNOULD THE ARIZONA" NO FAULT DNORCE! AW BE DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL BECAUSE SUCH LAW VIOLATES THE "FREE EXERCISE CLAUSE" OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION SINCE THE SYATE OF PRIZONA HAS PASSED A LAW WHICH CAN TAKE A PERSON'S RIGHT TO FREELY EXERCISE WHAT HE BELIEVES IN (HARRIAGE) WITHOUT HAVING TO SHOW THAT HE HAS BROKEN A LAW OR WITHOUT HAVING TO SHOW THAT HE HAS BROKEN A LAW OR HAS DONE ANY WRONG TO JUSTIFY THE LOSS OF SUCH RIGHT,

SHOULD THE ARIZONA 'NO FAULT 'DIVORCE LAW BE DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL BECAUSE SUCH LAW UNLAWFULLY DISRUPTS SOCIETY SINCE WITH NO FAULT OR CAUSE NEEDED TO BE SHOWN SUCH LAW FOSTERS DIVORCES TO OCCURAND ITIS WIDELY HELD THAT A BROKEN HOME DISRUPTS SOCIETY.

DIDTHE STATE OF ARIZONA BEDERIUG APPELLANT'S SUPER-SEDENS STAY DISSOLVED, PRIOR TO A DETERMINATION OF THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE NO FAULT DIVORCE LAW PROVIDE THE GROWNS FOR THE CASE TO BE REMOVED TO THE FEDERAL COURTS,

WAS ARTICLE I SECTION 10 of THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION VIOLATED BY THE STATE OF ARIZONE WHEN APPELLANT'S PROPERTY OF SOME 275,000.00) TWO HOND DREDAND SEVENTY FIVE THOUSAND DO LLARS WAS TAKEN BY COURT ACTIONS WHEN SUCH PROPERTY WAS PROTECTED ON APPEAL OF THE DIVORCE CHEE BY A SUPERSEDERS STRY.

QU STIONS PRESENTED (CON)
WHETHER THE STATE COURT ORDERS OF MARCH 30, 1982
NOVEMBER 2, A82 AND NOVEMBER 9, 1982 ARE VOID
BECAUSE SUCH ORDERS WERE ISSUED BY A COURTIN
WANT OF JURISDICTION IN VIOLATION OF REMOVAL
STATUTES JECTIONS 1446(E) AND 1450
VII.
SHOULD THIS COURT GRANT THE APPELLANT, WHO HAS BEEN UNLAWFULLY HELD IN VIOLATION OF
HAS BEEN UNLAWFULLY HELDIN VIOLATION OF
FEDERAL LAWS FOR OVER GODAYS A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS,
OPINIONS DELIVERED BELOW
APRIL 480 ARIZONA COURT OF APPEALS APPENDIX LA.
CCTOBER 1982 U.S. DISTRICT COURT ORDERING
PETITION FOR REMOVAL CIV 82-1335-PHX
DISHISSED FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION .
CIVIL DOCKET SHEET APPENDIX 4
JUNE 13, 1983 U.S COURTOF APPENLS DENIAL
OF APPELLANT'S PETITION OF
APRIL 18, AB3 REQUESTING APPENDIX 5
JUNE 13, 1983 U.S COURT OF AMPEALS DENIAL
OF ADDEAUANT'S JUNE 1, 17-3
REQUEST FOR IN JUNCTIVE APPENDIX 6
July 5, A83 U.S. COURT OF APPEALS DENIAL
OF APPELLANT'S MOTIONS OF
JUNE 15, 483 REQUESTING APPENDIX 7, 8

JURISDICTION

ON AUGUST 23, 1982 PURSUANT TO 28USC SECTIONS
1441 AND 1443 APPELLANT REMOVED PMA COUNTY
SUPERIOR COURT CASE D- 26060 TO THE UNITED
STATES DISTRICT COURT IN PHOENIX ARIZONA, NO.
CIV 82-1335-PHX WITH THE GROUNDS FOR REMOVAL
BASED ON A CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTION PURSUANT
TO 28USC SECTION 1331 NAMELY AS TO WHETHER
THE ARIZONA NO FAULT DIVORCE STATUTE WAS
UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

REMOVAL WAS NECESSARY BECAUSE OF THE CONDUCT OF THE STATE COURT ORDERING THE SUPERSEDERS STRY DISSOLVED AND THE MARRIAGE DISSOLVED, ON MARCH 29, 1982 AND THAT IF APPELLANT DID NOT REMOVE THE CASE THE ISSUE AS TO WHETHER THE DIVORCE LAW WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL WOULD BECOME MOOT UPON THE STATE COURT'S DENIAL OF APPELLANTS MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL WHICH CONSISTED CONTESTED THE ORDER DIS-SOLVING THE SUPERSEDERS STRY PRIOR TO A DETGRMINATION BEING MADE BY THE ARIZONA SUPRCHE COUPET AND ALSO CONTESTED THE VALIDITY OF THE MARCH 29, 1982 HEARING BEING CONDUCTED BY A COURTIN WANT OF JURIS DICTION AND THORE FOR VOID, SUCH ISSUES WERE PENDING IN MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAN WHEN THE CASE WAS REMOVED TO THE FEDERAL COURT.

ON OCTOBER 26, 1982 THE U.S. DISTRICT COURTS

SUDGMENT DISMISSED THE CASE FOR LNCK OF JURISDICTION

AND APPELLANT APPEALED ON NOVEMBER, 1982 SEE

POCKET SHEET CIV 82-1335 APPENDIX 4

THE COURT OF APPEAL NO 82-5908 BN JULY 5, 1983

THE COURT OF APPEAL NO 82-5908 BN JULY 5, 1983

ISSUED AN ORDER DENVING APPELLANTS JUNE IS HOTIONS

ISSUED AN ORDER DENVING APPELLANTS JUNE IS HOTIONS

REQUESTING INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND ENLARGHENT OF

TIME JEE APPENDIX 8 AND 9

ON JULY 18, 1983 APPELLANT FILED HIS NOTICE

OF PAPEAL TO THIS COURT APPENDIX 10

JURISDICTION (CONTINUED)

THE STATUTORY PROVISIONS WHICH CONFER JURISDICTION ON THIS COURT ARE SECTIONS 1252 AND 1253 PETITIONER CONTENDS THAT AN APPEAL TO THIS COURTUNDER SECTION 1252 SHOUTO BE PERMITTED BECAUSE THE APPELLATE COURTS DECISION OF JULY 5, 983, DENIAL OF IN CUNCTIVE PELIEF, INVALIDATED THE 1949 ACT OF CONSRESS WHICH PROVIDED A STATUTORY INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO REMOVAL STATUTES SECTIONS 1446(E) AND 1450 WHICH PRO. HIBIT ANY FURTHER STATE COURT PROCESSINGS UNTIL OR UNLESS THE CASE IS REMANDED OR IN THE INSTANT CASE UNTIL THE APPEAL WAS DISMISSED. THE APPELLATE COURT WAS OBLIGHTED BY LAW TO follow THIS INTENT OF CONGRESS AND ISSUE THE NECESSARY ORDERS, BECAUSE THE AppellaTE COURT FAILED TO ISSUE THE OPDERS, THE STATE COURT IN CARCGRATED HIM FOR (60) SIXTY DAYS BASED ON THE DIVORCE DROSES WHICH APPELLANT ALLEGED WERE UDID IN HIS MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL WHICH WERE PENDING WHEN APPELLANT REMOVED THE CASE TO THE FEDERAL GOORTS AS A RESULT OF THE APPELLATE COURT TO 1550 THE REQUESTED IN JUNCTION APPELLANTS INCARCERATION PREVENTED HIM FROM PREPARING AND FILING HIS BRIGE WITH IN THE July 5, 1983 COURT OF APPEALS TIME LIMIT OF 14 (FOURTEEN DRYS FROM THE 5th of July 1983 OR THE APPORTUNOUS BE DISMISSED BY THE CLEEK SINCE THE ORDER STATE O'THAT NO FURTHER EXTENTIONS WOULD BE GEANTED" AND WITH THE IMPOSSIBILITY OF PREPARING AN ADEQUATE BRIEF IN JAIL WITH NO FACILITIES LAW BOOKS OR DOCUMENTS, APPELLANT HAD NO OTHER REMEDY AT LAW BUT TO FILE HIS NOTICE OF APPEAL TO THIS COURT, WHICH HE DID SO, AND WHICH THE U.S. COURT OF Appends MARKED RECIEVED ON July 18,1993. APPEAL PURSUANT TO SECTION 1253 APPELLANT FURTHER SUBMITS THAT AN APPEAL

JAS DICTION CONTINUED

SHOULD BE PERHITTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 1253 SINCE AN INJUNCTION (STATUTORY) WAS DENIED AND THE ISSUE WAS SUCH THAT IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN HEARD AND DETERMINED BY A DISTRICT COURT OF THREE JUDGES, SINCE IT WAS AN ISSUE CON-CERNING THE CONSTITUTIONALTY OF A STATE STATUTE. APPELLANT FURTHER SUBMITS THAT THIS COURT SHOULD ACCEPT JURISDICTION OF THIS CASE BECAUSE THE DISTRICT COURTS ORDER OF A DISMISSAL (RATHER THAN REMAND) CREATED A CRITICAL SITUATION THAT SHOULD COMPELTHIS QUET TO ACCEPT JURISDICTION FOR IT THIS COURT REFUSED JURISDICTION APPELLANT WOULD THROUGH NO FAULT OF HIS OWN, BE DENIED HIS RIGHT, PROVIDED BY THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION, TO AN APPEAL SINCE THIS COVET IS THE LAST COURT HE CAN APPEAL TO, AND HIS ISSUE WOULD NEVER BY HEARD BY A COURT.

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS

THE CONSTITUTIONALTY OF THE ARIZONO NO FAUT DIVORCE STATUTE INVOLVES THE VIOLATION OF THE "FREE EXERCISE CLAUSE" OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION WHICH STATES TO WIT:

CONGRES SHALL MAKE NO LAW RESPECTING AN ESTABLISHMENT OF RELIGION OR PRO-HIBITING THE FREE EXERCISE THEREOF, "

THE RUTHORITY SUPPORTING THE FORESTING IS REYNOLUS.

V. UNITED STATES 98 U.S. 145, QSL. ED 244 WHERE

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IS DEFINED BY REFERENCE TO

THE WRITINGS OF THOMAS JEFFERSON. THIS COURT

AT PAGE 163 STATED!

ATTHENEXT SESSION THE PROPOSED BILL WAS NOT ONLY DEFEATED BUT ANOTHER, " FOR ESTABLISHING RELIGIOUS FREE DOM," DRAFTED BY MR. JEFFERSON WAS DASSED. I JEFF NORKS, 45; 2 HOWISOU, HIST. OF VA 298, IN THE PREAMBLE OF THIS ACT (12 HENING'S STAT 84)

RELIGIOUS FREE DOM 13 DEFINED: AND AFTER A MECITAL OF THAT TO JUFFER THE CIVIL MAGISTRATE TO INTRUDE HIS POWERS INTO THE FIELD OF OPINION, AND TO RESTRAIN THE PROFESSION OR PROPAGATION OF PRINCIPLES ON SUPPOSITION OF THIERILL TENDENCY, IS A DANGEROUS FALLACY WHICH AT ONCE DESTROYS ALL ACHOOUGH FOR THE RIGHTful PURPOSES OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT FOR ITS OFFICERS TO INTERFERE WHEN PRINCIPLES BREAK OUT INTO OVERT ACTS AGAINST PEACE AND GOOD ORDER! IN THESE TWO SENTENCES IS FOUND THE TRUE DISTINCTION BETWEEN WHAT PROPERLY BELOUES TO THE CHURCH AND WHAT TO THE STOTE.

FROM THE FORESING AUTHORITY IT CAN BE SEEN THAT
THE APPELLANT BY HIS DESIRE TO MAINTAIN HIS MARRIAGE
HAS COMMITTED NO "OVERT ACT AGAINST PEACE AND GOOD
ORDER" HOWEVER WHEN APPLIED TO HIS SPOUCE IT IS
REDILY JEEN THAT HER ACT, DIVORE IS "AGAINST
PEACE AND GOOD ORDER" SINCE THE BROKEN HOME IS

WIDELY HELD TO DISRUPT SOCIETY.

THIS VESTED RIGHT TO RELIGIOUS LIBERTY CANNOT BE TAKEN FROM ANY CITIZEN OF THIS COUNTRY UNLESS IT IS CLEARLY SHOWN THAT THE CITIZEN "COMMITTED AN OVERT ACT AGAINST PEACE AND GOOD ORDER" BROKE H LAW.

THE STATE OF ARIZONA DID PASSA LAW IN 1973

SUCH LAW DID PRONIBIT APPELLANT'S FREEEXERCISE RIGHTS AND SUCH LAW DID VIOLATE THE 2 md SENTENCE OF THOMAS JEFEERSON DEFINITION OF RELIGIOUS LIBERTY BY CAUSING SOCIOL DISORDER WITHOUT A RIGHTFUL DURPOSE" BEING SHOWN.

THEREFOR SUCH LAW MUST BE DECLARED A VIOLATION OF THE FIRST AMENOMENT SINCE IT UNLAW FULLY DEPRIVES ONE OF RELIGIOUS & LIBERTY.

SUCH LAW IS UNCONSTITUTION AL

PAGE 8

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS (CONT)

The arigine Covers VIOLATED APPELLANTS SUPERSEDERS STAY BY ALLOWING SEVERAL COURT ACTIONS TO PROCEED WHILE THE DIVORCE CASE WAS PENDING APPEAL, WHICH RESULTED IN THE LOSS OF ABOUT 275,000,00 EQUITY VALUE, OF APPELLANTS PROPERTY. BY THESE FORGOINGACTS AND THE OLDERING OF APPOLLANT'S SUPERSENCES STRY DISSOLVED PRIOR TO A DETERMINATION BEING MADE AS TO WHETHER THE ARIZONA DIVORCE LAW WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL WAS A VIOLATION OF ARTICLE I SECTION 10 OF THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION WHICH STATES TO WIT: "THE STATE SHALL PASS NO LAW WHICH IMPAIRS THE OBLIGATION OF A CONTRACT!

VIOLATION OF REMOVAL STATUTES

THE ROMOVAL JATUTES 28 USC \$ 1446(C) AND 1450 WERE VIOLATED BY THE STRIF QUETS WHO PROCESSED BY ISSUANCE OF ORDERS WHICH RESULTED IN APPELLANTS UNLAWFUL INCARCERATION WHICH PRESENTED APPELLANT FROM PREPARING AND FILING HIS APPEAL BRIEFTIMELY AND REQUIRED AN APPEAL TO THIS COURT BECAUSE THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FAILED TO ENFORCE THE FEOGRAL REMOVED STATUTES WHICH BY ACT OF CONSESSIN 1948 WERE INACTED TO PRONIBIT THE STATE COURTS FROM PROCEEDING UNTIL ORUN LESS THE CASE IS REMANDED

SECTION I LANGE STATES TO WIT:

"... AFTER FILING THE PETITION ... THE STATE COURT SHALL PROCEED NO FURTHER UNLESS URUNTIL REMAND" THE RULING CASELAWONTHIS & CHANGE OF REMOVAL LAW By 1949 ACT OF CONGROSS IS HOP SON V NORTH AMERICAN INS G 71 IDAHO 461, 233 P2d 799, 25 ALR 2d 1040 AND CITING SUCH

AUTHORITY AT PAGE 1044

"BY PROVIDING IN SECTION HIVE THAT TAKING SUCH PROCEDURAL STEPS Effects REMOVAL OF THE CAUSE TO FEDERAL COURT, WHICH IS NOT FOUND IN THE

page 9

CONSTITUTIONAL AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS (CONT)

EARLIER ACT, CONGRESS HAD THEREBY EXPRESSLY Effected THE REMOVAL OF THE CAUSE TO THE FEDERAL COURT IRRE-SPECTIVE OF THE ULTIMATE DETERMINATION OF THE QUESTION ASTO WHETHER OF NOTITIS REMOVABLE; IT IS NOT THERE AFTERINTHE STATE COURT FOR ANY TOUR POSE UNTIL OR UNLESS THE CAUSE IS REMANDED; FOR THAT REASON THE STATE COURT IS EXPRESSLY PROHIBITED FROM PROCEEDING FURTHER UNTIL OR UNLESS ITIS 30 REMANDED; UNDER SECTION TO THE REMOVAL WAS NEVER ACCOMPLISHED UNLESS IT WAS A CAUSE REMOVABLE, UNDER THE PRESENT ACT REMOVAL IS ACCOMPLISHED AND JURIS -DICTION ATTACHES IN THE FEOERAL COURT EVEN THOUGH IT MAY BE SUBSEQUENTLY DETERMINED THAT IT SHOULD BE AND IS THERE AFTER REMANDED. REMOVABILITY IS NO LONGE A CRITERION WHICH GIVES OR DENIES VALIDITY TO THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE STATE COORT WHILE A PETITION FOR REMOVAL TO THE FEDERAL COURT IS PENDING; MY SUCH PRO-CECOING IN THE STATE COURT UNDER THE PRESENT ACT (SECTION IN HE(E)) ARE NOT SANCTIONED; THEY ARE PRONIBITED. THE FOLLOWING PUTHORITIES SUPPORT THIS HOLDING: SOUTH CAROLINA V. MOORE 447 Fad 1067; BARRETT V. SOUTHERN R. CO 68 FRD. 413; CALDWELL V. MONTGOMERY WARD AND CO. 207 F SUPP 161; LOWE V. JACOBS 243 F2d 432; MITCHUM V. FOSTER 407 U.S. 285, 925. C. 2151; HENIFORD V. AMERICAN MOTOR SALES GRA 471 F. Supp 328, 622 Fod 584.

SECTION 1450

QUANCIEN THE CASE HAD BEEN FETTONED AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 1446 THE STATE COURT WAS PROHIBITED FROM FURTHER PROCESING UNTIL OR UNLESS THE CASE WAS REHANDED THE STATE COURT PROCEEDED TO ENFORCE THE ORDERS IT HAD MADE PRIOR TO REHOVAL WILICH AGAIN VIOLATED REMOVAL STATUTES, SECTION 1450 WHICH STATES

U . . . ALL . . . ORDERS AND OTHER PROCESSINGS HAD IN SUCH ACTION PRIOR TO REMOVAL SHALL REMAININ FULL FORCE AND EFFECT WILL DISSOLVED OR MODIFIED, BY THE DISTRICT COURT, "

CONSTITUTIONS IND STATUTORY PROVISIS (CONT)

IN SUPPORT OF THE FORGOING APPELLANT - SUBMITS

GRANNY GOOSE FOODS INC V. BROTHERHOOD OF TEMPSTERS ECT

415U. S. 983, 39 LEd 2d 435 (1974)

[7,10] MORE IMPORTANTLY, ONCE A CASE HAS BEEN REMOVED
TO FEDERAL COURT, IT IS SETTLED THAT FEDERAL COURT RATHER
THAN STATE LAW GOVERNS THE CASE, NOT WITN STANDING STATE
COURT ORDERS ISSUED PRIOR TO REMOVAL. SECTION 1450 14PLIES AS MUCH BY FECOGNIZING THE DISTRICT COURT'S AUTHORITY
TO DISSOLVE OR MODIFY IN JUNCTIONS, ORDERS, AND ALL OTHER
PROCEEDINGS HAD IN STATE COURT PRIOR TO REMOVAL, THIS
COURT RESOLVED THIS ISSUE LONG AGO IN EXPRISE FISK 113U.S.
713, 5 S.C. 724 (1885) THERE IT WAS ARGUED THAT ON
ORDER TO TAKE A DEPOSITION OF AWITNESS ISSUED BY THE STATE
COURT PRIOR TO REMOVAL WAS BINDING IN THE FEDERAL COURT,
AND COULD NOT BE RECONSIDERED BY THE FEDERAL COURT,
AND COULD NOT BE RECONSIDERED BY THE FEDERAL COURT,
AND COULD NOT BE RECONSIDERED BY THE FEDERAL COURT,
STANDIES GOVERNING PROCEDURE IN FEDERAL COURTS. THE
COURT REJECTED THIS CONTENTION AND SAID THAT THE
COURT REJECTED THIS CONTENTION AND SAID THAT THE

OF DECLARES ORDERS OF THE STATE COURT, IN A CASE

AFTERWARDS REMOVED TO BE IN FORCE UNTIL DISSOLVED

OR MODIFIED BY THE CIRCUIT COORT. THIS FULLY RE
COGNIZES THE POWER OF THE LATTIR COURT OVER

SUCH ORDERS. AND ITWAS NOT INTENDED TO ENACTTHAT

BUCH ORDERS. AND ITWAS NOT INTENDED TO ENACTTHAT

AN OFDER MADE IN THE STATE COURT, WHICH AFFECTED OR

MIGHT AFFECT THE HODE OF TRIAL (MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL

MIGHT AFFECT THE HODE OF TRIAL (MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL

PENDING) YETTO BE HAD, COULD CHANGE OR MODIFY THE EX
PRESS DIRECTIONS OF AN ACT OF CONGRESSON THAT SUBJECT.

COVERTHAS A RIGHT TO HAVE ITS FURTHER DROGRESS GOVERNOOD BY THE LAW OF THE LATTER COVER, AND NOT BY THAT COURT FROM WHICH IT WAS REMOVED; I FONE OF THE ADVANTAGES OF THIS REMOVAL WAS AN EXCAPE FROM THIS EXAMINATION, HE HOS A RIGHT TO THAT BENEFIT, IF HIS CASE WAS RIGHTFULLY REMOVED." 5504. of 729

INTHE INSMIT COSE APPELLANT REMOVED THE CASE AND DESIRES AND NAS A RIGHT TO HAVE THE FEDERAL COURT TO DETERMINE THE ISSUES IN HIS MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL

CONSTI. TONAL AND STATUTORY ROVISIONS

THE 139UES IN THE MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL ARE:

1. WHETHER THE STATE VIOLATED ART I SECTION 10

OFTHE U.S CONSTITUTION BY ORDERING THE

SUPERSEDERS BOND DISSOLVED PRIOR TO A DETER
MINATION BEING MADE ON THE CONSTITUTIONALTY

OF THE ARIZONA DIVORCE LAW; AND

2. WHETHER THE STATE PROCEEDED WITHOUT JURISDICTION ON MARCH 29, 1982 SINCE THE REMAND ORDER HAD A FEDERAL CERTIFICATION ON IT OF MARCH 30, 1982 AND THEREFORE A VIOLATION OF SECTION 1447(E)

OCCUPRED WHICH STATES TO WIT!

BE MAILED BY ITS CLERK TO THE CLERK OF THE STATE COURT, THE STATE COURT MAY THERE UPON PROCEED WITH THE CASE."

THE FOLLOWING AUTHORITY SUPPRES THIS, PEOPLE V BOGACT

TCAL APP 3d 257, 86 CM RPTR 737

"WHERE REMAND ORDER FROM UNITED STATES DISTRICT BURT
WAS IN EFFECT DURING ENTIRE CRIMINAL TREAL AND UP
TO DATE OF LAST APPEARANCE, AND FAILURE TO COMMUNICATE
FINAL STAY ORDER TO TRIAL COURT IN A LEGAL AND PROPER
MANNER OFTERIAL WAS ISSUED BY UNITED STATES
JUSTICE APPEARED TO JUSTIFY THE ACTION OF THE
TRIAL COURT IN PROCEEDING. ..."

IN THE INSTANT CASE THE REMAND ORDERALTHOUGH

SIGNED AND FILED IN THE FEDERAL COURT IT DID NOT

BECOME LEGAL UNTIL IT WAS CERTIFIEDEN THE FOLLOWING

DAY MARCH 30, 1982 AND THEREFORE JURISDICTION DID

NOT ATTACK IN THE STATE COURT UNTIL MARCH 30, 1982

THIS MECHANICAL DEVICE, A CERTIFICATION DATE IS MUCHTHE STATE

AS WHEN THE JURISDICTION IS TRANSFERENTO THE FEDERAL COURT WHEN

THE NOTICE B FILEDSTRAGED BY THE STATE COURT CLERK, WITHOUT THE FILE

STAMP TO SHOUTH ETRANSFER THERE IS AD JURISDICTION ATTACHED

TO THE FEDERAL COURT. AC GOLDRICK U.ICS SALESAND LEASINGIAG

REMONAL OF THE CASE AT BARDID NOT TAKE EFFECT UNTIL DEFENDANT

FILED A COPY OF THE REMOVAL PETITION WITH THE STATE COURT CIERK

HAKE AN ORDER OF ATTACHMENT GRANTED BY STATE COURT PRIOR

TO SUCH TIME WAS HEID VALID."

PAGE 12

UNDERTHELANGUAGE OF 28USC 514470 A CENTIFICO COPY ... SHALL BEMAILED ... THEREUPON THE STATE MAY PROCEED" THE STATE COURT CLEARLY PROCEEDED BEFORE THE FORGOING WAS ACCOMPLISHED, THEREFORE NO JURISDICTION HAD ATTACKED WHEN THE RULINGS WERE MADE.

FURTHER AUTHORITY TO SUPPORT INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

THE APPELLANT THROUGH ANOTHER AVENUE TO BE GRANTED THE INJUNCTIVE RELIEF WHICH CONGRESS PROVIDED AND WHICH THE STATE DISREGUARDED AND WHICH THE APREALS COURT DIO NOT SUPPORT BY THEIR DENIAL OF APPELLANTS REQUESTS OF APRIL 18, 1983 AND JUNE 1, 983, THE EXPENSION FILED A DETITION FOR REMOVAL BASED ON THIS COURT'S STATEMENTS 64 MITCHUM V. FOSTER 407US 225, 32LEd 2d 705, 928 C+ 2151 THIS COURT STATED IN DICTUM THAT IT HAD FOUND THAT FEDERAL COURTS WERE IM POWERED TO ENGIN STATE COURT PROCEDINGS DISPITE THE ANTI-INJUNCTION STATUTE 28 USCS & 2283, IN CARRING GOT THE WILL OF CONGRESS IN LEGISLATION PROVIDING SOR REMOVAL OF LITICATION FROM STATE TO FEDERAL COURTS. 38 ALR FEO. THE APPELLANT USING MITCHUM V FOSTER IN HIS PETITION FOR RETHOUGH AT I3-6] SEE ATTACHED PETITION FOR REMOVAL APPENDIX 96-90 APPELLANT SONT A COPY of BUCH PETITION TO THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS IN ORDER TO FURTHER SUPPORT THE REQUESTED IN JUNETIVE ROLEF THE COURTS BOTH APPELLATE AND DISTRICT REJECTED THE IN UNCTIVE RELIEF.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

IN JUNE OF 1979 APPELLANT RESPONDED TO HIS WIFE'S PETITION FOR DIVORCE BY STATING THE MAPRIGE WAS NOT HERE UN-RECONCILABLE. IN APRIL HISO AFTER DISCHARGING TWO ATTORNEYS WHO REFUSED TO REPRESENT MY BELIEFS, APPOLLENT FILED DOCUMENTO IN THE STATE COURT AND THE U.S DISTRICT COURT CIV 80-113- TUC PROTESTING THE STATE OF ARIZONA DIVORCING HIM IN VIOLATION OF HIS FREE EXERCISE" AGHTS AS PROVIDED HIM BY THE FIRST AMENDHENT OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION. THE FEDERAL COURT DENIED HIM THE REQUESTED IN JUNCTION AND THE STATE OF ARIZONA DIVORCED HIM ON MAY 8, 1983,

STAI) ENT OF THE CASE APPELLANT PERFECTED AN APPEAL FROM THE DIVORCE JUDGHENT AND WAS GRANTED A JUPERSEDERS STAY UPON POST 20,000.00 TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. WITH SUCH STRY TO BEIN FORCE HAD EFFECT UNTIL A FINAL DETERMINATION WAS MADE BY THE APPICA SUPREME COURT. DURING THIS APPEAL PROTECT BY THE SUPERSEDENS THE STATE COURT CONDUCTED PROCEGOINGS IN OTHER ACTIONS WHICH CAUSED APPOLLANTS PROPERTY TO BE TAKEN FROM HIM IN VIOLATION OF THE SUPERSEDERS. SOME 275,000.00) TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, EQUITY VALUE WAS TAKEN IN VIOLATION OF THE SUPERSEDERS, IN MARCH 981 THE ARIZONA COURT OF APPEALS FOUND THE CASE MUST BEREVERSED FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTE THAT A BIFURCATED TRIAL SHOULD HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED AND VACATED AND SET ASIDE THE CUSTODY AND PROPERTY BUT AFFIRM ED THE DIVORCE, THE ARIZONA SUPREMEDECLINED REVIEW. APPOLLANT FILED AN ACTION IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT SHOWING HE WAS STILL LEGALLY MARRIED BECAUSE ARIZONA LAW STATE A PERSON CANNOT BEDIVORCED UNTIL ALL PROPERTY AND CUSTODY ISSUES HAVE BEEN FINALLY RESOLVED. SEE CIV 81-419-TUC. ANEW TRIAL WAS HELD ON DECEMBER 23, 982 AND IN CHAMBERS THE APPELLANT STIPULATED TO JOINT CUSTODY AND PROPORTY DIVISION. Appellant Children STRYED WITH HIM AT HIS RESIDENCE FOR CHRISTMAS VACATION AT WITICH TIME APPELLANT LEARNED THAT FROM WRITTEN QUESTIBUS HIS PYEAR OLD DAUGHTER ANSWERED THAT HER MOTHER'S MALE LIVE IN FRIEND HAD SEXUALLY ABUSED HER. APPELLANT ON NEW YEAR'S EVE AND DAY TRUED TO GET CHILD PROTECTIVE AGENCY TO HEID HEM BUT THEY REFUSED AND APPELLANT PURSUANT TO COURT ORDERS RELUCTANTY RETURNED HIS CHILDREN TO THEIR MOTHER'S RESIDENCE. THE APPELLANT MOVED THE COURT ON JANUARY 12, 1982, BEFORE ANY FORMAL ORDER WAS SIGNED, TO ORDER AN'INVESTIGATION USING THE QUESTIONS WILLICH HIS DAUGHTER HAD AMSWERED AND SENED AS BEING TICUE AS EVIDENCE AS TO WHAT HAD OCCURRED. THE CHILD REMAINSO WITH THE SUSPECTED ABUSER, AND NO INVESTIGATION WHATEVER WAS CONDUCTED. ON MARCH 25, 1982 APRELLONT AGAIN RE QUESTED THE COURT TO ORDER AN INVESTIGATION THE COURT INDICATED IT WAS GOING TO SIGN THE FORMAL ORDER AFTER HEARING THE HATTER ON THE ALLEGED SEXUAL ABUSE, ON THE MORNING OF THE HEARING, MARCH 29, 1982 APPELLANT FILED A PETITION FOR REMINAL IN THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT DAGE 14

SYATEM THE CASE CIV 82-159-TUC AFTER STRUING NOTICE A. JACOPY OF THE PETITION ON THE OPPOSING ATTO ENSY AND FILING THE REQUIRED NOTICE AND A COPY OF THE PETITION WITH THE STATE CLERK APPELLANT WAS TOLD TO APPEAR IN COURT. THE COURT STATED IT HAD RECIEVED A TELEPHONE CALL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT AND WAS TOLD THAT THE MATTER WOULD BE REMONDED, THE COURT STATED IN WOULD HEAR MATTERS INVOLUING STIPULATION CONCORNING CHILD CUSTODY, DISSOLUTIONIOF MARRIAGE AND DIVISISION OF PROPERTY! IT THEN ISSUED ORDERS! CIIT IS ORDERED ADOPTING THE STIPULATION REGUARDING DIVISION OF THE PROPERTY . . . THE CUSTODY OF THE MINOR CHILDREN AND OTHER MATTERS SEE MINUTE ENTRY HARCH 29, 1982 APPENDIX ON THE NEXT DAY THE HEARING CONTINUED, AND APPELLANT RECIEVED IN COURT A REMANDORDER IN CASE CIV-82-159-TUC DATED MARCH 29, 1982, AND WHICH THE STATE CLERIC MARKED FILED IN COURT, MARCH 30, 1882 HARY ANN TAY LOR" SEE APPENDIX 13 . ON APRIL 22, 982 THE JUDGHENT WASENTERED AND BECAUSE AVISITING JUDGE IN WOULD NOT BE EFFECTIVE UNTIL 10 DAYS, RULE THE) ARIZONA RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE. APPOLLANT FILED HIS MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL ON MAY 7, 182 AND HIS AMONOCO HOTION FORNEW TRIPLON MAY 26, APZ SEE APPONDIX 14-18 THE MAIN ISSUES BEING THAT THE MARCH & 9, 1982 HEARING WAS CONDUCTOR BY ACOURTIN WANT OF JURISDICTION BECAUSE THE REMAND ORDER FILED IN COURT MARCH 30, 1982 DIO NOT TRANSFER JURISDICTION LEGALLY TO THE STATE COURT AND THEREPOR THE PROCESONS WERE VOID AND THE JUDG MENT IS VOID, AND MISO THE DISSOLVING OF THE SUPERSEDERS BEFORE A FINAL DETERMINATION BY THE ARIZONA SUPREME COURT WAS AVICLATION OF ARTICIE 1 SECTION 10 OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION, SOMETIME AFTER FILING THE MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIAL APPOLLANT DISCOVERSO A NEW REMAND ORDER HAD BEEN PLACED IN THE COURT FILE WHICH NOW HAD THE REQUIRED FEDERAL CERTIFICATION, APPENDIX 19 HOWEVER THIS DOCUMENT WAS MATGRIALLY DIFFERENT TO THE ONE FILED IN THE STATE COURTON HARCH 30,1982 AND ALSO WITH THE ORIGINAL ON FILE IN THE U.S DISTRICT COURT CIV 82-159-TUX APPENDIX 10 UPON EXAM INATION OF THE THREE DOCUMENTS IT CAN 136 EASILY SEEN THAT THE DOCUMENT WITH THE FEDERAL CHATFICATION

PAGE 15

JTA MENTOFTHE CASE

ONIT WAS A FRAUD BECAUSE THE OTHER THO DOCUMENTS HAD BEEN SIGNED UNDER THE FEDERAL FILE STAMP BUT THE FRAUD HAD NOT BEEN SIGNED. THE SAMECLERK YOLANDAC. LEON SIGNED THE FEDERBEAL CORTIFICATION OF MARCH 30, 1972 THAT SIGNED THE ORIGINAL FEOCRALFILE STAMP. ON AUGUST 23, 1982 APPELLANT FILED THE PETITION FOR REMOVAL CIV 82-1335-PHX IN THE PHOENIX DISTRICT COURT AND ON OCTOBER 12, 1982 HE FILED HIS MOTION FOR DETER-MINATION OF THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE ARIZONA DINORLE STATUTE APPENDIX 20-25 ON OCTOBER 18, 1982 THE COURT ORDERED THE CASE TO BE DISHISSED FOR LACKOFJUR-ISDICTION AND ON ACTOBER 26, 1982 ENTERED THE JUDGMENT. ON NOVEBBER 1, 1982 Apportant PERFECTEDHS APPORT TO THE UNITED STATES COVER OF APPENDIX #82-5908 SEE CIVIL DOCKET SHEET CIVIL 2-1335 APPENDIX 4 SUNDUENCE 2, AND NOVEMBER 9, 982 THE STATE COURT ENTERED GROERS ORDERING APPELLANT MOTIONS FOR HEWTRIAL DENIED SEE APPENDIX 26- 27 AND ISSUED IN VIOLATION OF SECTION HY 6/6) ORDER WHICH RESULTED IN APPELLANT'S CHILDREN AGES 10 AND 12 TO BE DRAGGED, VIOLENTLY, SCREWHING LOUDLY FROM APPELLANTS RESIDENCE WHERE THEY HAD LIVED FOR SOME G MONTHS. ALSO GEDERED WAS APPELLANTS SUPERSEDERS BOND CASH TO BE TAKEN BY GARNISH MENT. APPELLANT LEARNED THAT HIS WIFE HAD THE HOUSE UP FOR SALE AND IN A TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH HIS SON AGE ID LEARNED HE WASTO BE TAKEN TO CAUFORNIA FOR A WEEKS VACATION?" APPELLANT KNOWING THERWAS NO FINAL, OR VALID JUDGHENT, AND KNOWING THE CHILDREN WERE TAKEN FROM HIS RESIDENCE WITH UNLAWFUL ORDERSIN VIOLATION OF 1446E AND 1450 TOLD HIS CHILDREN TO MEET HIM AT A CERTAIN TIME SO THEY COULD STRY WITH HUM AND NOT BE TAKEN TO CALIFORMA ON DECOURSER 10, 1982 APPELLANT WAS ARRESTED AND TAKEN TO SANTA CRUZ COUNTY AND WAS RELEASED, ON DECOURER IS, FREZ HE APPEARED AND PRESENTED DO COMENTS SHOW WE THE COURT DIO NOT HAVE JURISDICTION, THE STATE COURT COTTINUED AND SUBSEQUENTLY ARRESTED APPELLANT AGAIN AND WHILE HE WAS INCARCERATED, BROKEINTO VISHOME AND STOLE THE CERTIFIED COPIES THOWING THE HEREIN ABOUT FRAUD. APPELLANT HAD AN-OTHER SET HIDDEN AWAY THAT THEY DID NOT GET. THE STATE COURT ARRESTED APPOLLANT AGAIN CLAIMING HE FAILED TO CHEY COURT DAGE 16

STATEMENT OF THE CAGE

ON HAY 20, ASS APPELLANT WAS ARRAIGNED FOR CUSTODIAL IN-TERFERENCE BASEON THE JUDGMENT THAT RIPELLANT SHOWED WAS COTTAINED THROUGH FRAUD. ON MAY 20, 1983 THE STATE COLRT ORDERSO HAN TO APPEAR FOR TRIAL JUNE 6, 1982. ON JUNE 1, 1983 APPOLLANT MOVED THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEAL FOR AN IN INNETION, OR WRITOF AROHIBITION. THE JUNG 6, TRIAL DATE WAS POSTFONED BY THE COURT TO JUNE 27, 1983, APPELL ANT MOVED THE APPENIS COURT FOR A SECOND EMPRESING PETITION FOR INJUNCTIVE BELIEF AND ALSO REQUESTED AND ENLARGEMENT OFTIME OF 30 DAYS AFTER THE INJUNCTIVE RELIEF WAS GRANTED. APPENDIX' AFTER THESE MOTIONS WERE SENT ON THE BONG F JONE, THEY WERE FILED IN APPEALS COURT, ON JUNE 15. APPELLANT RECIEVE THE COURT OF APPEALS ORDER DENYING HIS JUNE 1, 1983 PETITION FOR INJUNCTION ON FILED IN THE COURT ON JUNE 13, 1983 AND RECIEVED BY APPELLANT ON JUNE 15, 1983 APPOLLANT ALSO RECIEVED THE ORDER DENYING HIS APRIL 18. INJUNCTION ON JUNE 18,1983 SEE APPENDIX ON JUNE 27, 1983 APPELLANT FILED A PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF THE CRIMINAL CASE 4646A, SANTA CRUZ CO NOGALES, ARIZ CR 83-186-TUC LATER TRANSER TO PHOENIX CR 83-190 - PHX-WPC, APPELLANT ZNT A COPY OF THIS DOCUMENT TO THE HOPES THAT THIS AND HIS JUNE 15 MOTION FOR INJUNCTION AND HIS MOTION TO ENLARGE THE TIME TOFILE THE BRIEF WOULD CAUSE THE APPEALS COURT TO RECONSIDER, APRELLANT WAS ARRESTED IN COURT ON JUNE 29, 1983, CHARGED WITH CONTEMPT OF COURT WHICH WAS SIMILAR TO A STAR CHAMBER PROCEEDING. HE WASORDER TO SPEND GODBYS IN SANTA CRUZ COUNTY JAN AND A 30,000.00 APPEARANCE BOND WAS ORDERED SET FOR HIS APPRICATE SOTRIAL ON AUGUST 19, 483 ON JULY 14 APPELLANT, WHOSE MAIL HAD BEEN HELD FROM HIM, LEARNED UPON DETANDING ON THE TELEPHONE TO KNOW IF ANY MAIL HAD COME FROM THE COURT OF APPEALS, HE WAS TOLD OF THE GROER OF JULY 5, 1983 STATING HIS APPEAL BRIEF WOULD BE DISMISS, HIS HOTIONS OF JUNE 15, 1983 REQUESTING IN JUNCTIVE RECLET DENSED, AND THAY HE HAD 14 DAYS UPTO AND INCLUDING JULY 18 TO FILE HIS BRIER OR THE WOULD BE DISMISSED. APPELLENT SENT HIS MOTICE OF APPEAL TO THE UNITED STATES SUPPLEME COURT BY EXPRESS MAIL TO THE COURT OF APPEALS ON FRIDAY JULY 15, 1983. THE NOTICE OF APPEAL WAS MARKED RECIEVED JULY 18, 1983, APPX 10 PAGE 17

STATE YOUT OF THE CASE (CONT) ON AUGUST B, 1783 APPELLANT RECIEVED A LETTER FROM THE COURT OF APPEMS WHICH STATED THAT MY APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT HAD BEEN FILED ON THE 19 TH OF JULY 1983 I HAVE THE ORIGINAL CORBON COPY WITH THE MIKTHARK OF THE COURT STATING A FILE MARK OF 18 th July 1883 APPK 10 THE LETTER ALSO STATED THAT MY PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABERS CORPUS (NEVER RULE ON) WAS RECIEVED ON THE BT OF JULY 1983 WHEN I HAVE THE ORIGINAL COPY (CHIEBON) WITH FILE DATE IN COURTS INK STATING IT WAS RECIEVED ON THE 15 HOF JULY 1983. I BLSO HOVE AN AFFICAULT DATED STAYING THE PETITION WAS MAIL, CERTIFIED TO THIS COURT ON THE 12 MOF JULY 1983 JEVEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE TIME THE COURT OF APPEALS SOID THEY RECIEVED IT ON THE 19th July COPIES OF THESE DOCUMENTS APPEARINTHE APPEADIX PAGES

ON AUGUST 15, 1983 APPELLANT RECIEVED AN ORDER PROM THE APPEALS COURT FILE DATED AUGUST Q, 1983 AND GIVING THE APPELLANT 21 DAYS FROM THE COUTRY OF THE ORDER TO FILE HIS BRIEF, APPENDIX

THE COURT OF APPENLS WAS DIVESTED OF JURISDICTION IN THIS CASE UPON RECIEVING APPELLANT'S NOTICE OF APPEAL TO THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT ON THE 18 DOY OF JULY 1983. THE AUGUST 12, 1983 ORDER IS A NULLITY.

QUESTIONS PRESENTED ARE SUBSTANTIAL

THE QUESTION ON THE NO FAULT "DIVORCE LAW IS SUBSTANTIAL SINCE
SUCH LAW EFFECTS THE LIVES OF MILLIONS OF AMERICANS AS THE EVER
INCREASING DIVORCE RATE SHOWS THIS LAW IS DESTROYING OUR COUNTRY
THE LAW MUST BE REPSALED.

DATED THIS 31 DAY of MIGUST 1983

40 SANTA CRUZ BUNTY SAIL NOGALES ARIZONA 8:5621 WHERE THE APPELLANT HAS REMAINED NOW FOR JOME GO DAYS

ellebotaus

SEPTEMBER 10, 1987

CLERK, U.S. SIPREME GUET ONE, FIRST STREET N.C. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20,543

6.83-543r

RECEIVED

SEP 1 5 1983

OFFICE OF THE CLERK SUPREME COURT, U.S.

Dene Sin

THE UNDERSTANTO'S BROTHER, JOHN COIDNIS Spoke ON THE TELEPHONE WITH A HISS BUTLERE ON SEPTEMBER 7, 1983 CONCERNING THE DOCUMENTS THAT WELL RECIEVED BY THIS COURT ON SOPTEMBER 6, 1983. THE DOCUMENTS DENT BY MESSENGER WERE:

45 (fourty fine) copies out one original of! JURISTA CTIONAL STOTEMENT! 45 (fourty fine) copies and one original of! HOTION TO DISQUALIFY OF ONE ORIGINAL OF PROOF of SOUTH COUNTRY SIGNED BY JOHN COUNTRY ONE ORIGINAL AND ATTACHED STATEMENT OF ! MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA PROPERTS!

HISS BUTTER STATED SHE HAD RECIEVED ALL THE ABOVE DOCUMENTS EXCEPT FOR THE MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA PRUPERS AND THE ATTACKED STATEMENT.

THERE FORE THE UNDERSIGNED IS SONDING ANOTHER DEGINEL AND A CARBON COPY of JUCK MOTION FOR COME ect " TO THIS THIS COURT AND REQUEST THE FOLLOWING TO BE DONE! Fundthe Following Encloses:

1. ONE ORIGINAL AND ONE C.C. OF THIS INSTONT LETTER.
2. "THE MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA PROPERS.

3. " " OF THE ATMCHOO SUDENSTATEMENT for LENUE TO FILE GO

4. A STAMPED SELF ADD ESSES BYUSICAL BUCLOSED

PLEASE, BY FILE STAMPING THE ABOVE COKBON COPIES, ACKNOWLEDGE THE PECHOLOGY PROPERTY AND ENCLOSE SOME IN STAMPED ADDRESSED ENVELOPE FORMED JURIS DICTIONAL STRUMBERS (FIRST PASSES ONLY of 5 OF THE CON-JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENTS AND 5 of THE MOTION TO DISQUALIFY CT ALSO ENCLOSE APPROPRIOTE FORMS PRINOTI FICHTIM OF APPRICES OF DOCKET NUMBER GIVEN THE ABOUT DOCUMENTS. THRUK YOU FOR YOUR COOPERATION INTHIS MARTER

Vony Truty Jos (5)

PETER J. COJANIS GO SANTA CRUZ COONTY JALL NOGALES, ARIZOWA 85621

JUPREME COURT OF THE UNITEDSTATES

BARBARA MAN OJANIS

PETER J. COMMIS

Respondent Coppeller

PETER J. COMMIS

REMOVED LONG

WHIMME DRUKE et al

Defendante Coppeller

PETER J. COMMIS

PLENTIFF Coppeller

PETER J. COMMIS

PLENTIFF Coppeller

JEWIS RAY SPRACIN et al.

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE IN

Appellant, Petere J. Commus esquests Leave to File in Forma pauperus
Appellant Had Previously asked and in as Granted Leave to File in
Forma Pauperus in clase MISC - 01577-PH BY U.S. DISTRICT COURT
JUDGE WILLIAM P. Copple on July 27,1983, THE ATTREBOTO JUDGE
STRIEMENT SHOWS SIMILAR CONDITIONS EXIST THAT SHOULD PERMIT
Appellant Leave to File in Forma Pauperus in This instruct case.

Dated this 10th Day of Squigger 1983

PETER J. COMMUNI, APPELLANT 96 SANTA CHUZ COUNTY JAIL NOGALES, ARIZANA 8562)

IN FORMS DAU PORIS

THE APPELLANT, PETER J. CHANG SWARS THE SOLLOWING IS THE TRUTH:

UNLAW SOLLY

1: THAT APPELLANT IS IN CARCOLLINED IN A SHALL COUNTY JAIL BY THE STATE

OF ARIZONA IN CROSE TO DEFENT HIS ATTEMPT TO APPEND THE STATE DIVORCE LAW AS BEING UN CONSTITUTIONAL 2. THAT NO NOTHING IS ANHILABLE BY SIXE IMIL AND APPELLANT IS UNHOLE TO HABA NOTHING COME TO JUCK MIL 3. THAT APPOLLANT WAS AGOOT SO CASH IN HIS JAIL ACCOUNT AND ABOUT 100.00 ONE KINDERO DOLLARS IN the BANKING RECOUNT. 4. THAT APPOLLENT HAS ASKED HIS BROTHER BE MONEY TO FILE BIS APOKET POE BUTWES REFLUED 5. THAT Appollant HAS, BECAUSE of HIS INCARCEMENTON, NO OTHERWAY of GOTTING THE MONEY TO file HIS DOCKET FEE, 6, That Appellant Has Brogenty which is TIGO UP ON Apport by COURT ORDER AND HE CANNOT BURROWS ON BUCK PROPERTY.

7. THAT APPELLANT BELIEVES HE WILL HAVE THE MONEY TO PAY FILE APPEND EXPENSES AT ALATER DATE AND PROMISES TO PAY AT THAT THE, 8. THAT APPELLANT WAS GRANTED LEAVE TO APPEAL IN FORMA PAUPERUS ON July 27, 1983 IN CASE MISC-01577 PHY BY U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WILLIAM P. COAPLE. 9. THAT SIMILAR CONDITIONS EXIST AND APPELLANT BELIEFES HE SHOULD BE GRANTED HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL IN FORMA PAUPONES IN THIS INSTANT CASE WHERE PERE APPELLANT REQUESTS HIS MOTION TO APPEAL IN FORMA PONDORS BE GRANTED APPENIANT STATES THE FOREOIDE TO BE THETRUTH. DATED THIS 10th DAY of STENBER 1983

NO NOTHEY AVAILABLE BECOUSE OF MIL

ALEXANDER L STEVAS CLERK

NO. _ 83-5431 SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES OCTOBER TERM 1983 BARBARA A . COUNNIS Petitioner - Appellee PETER J. COJANS Respondent-Oppellant
PETER J. Coppellant Plainty - appellant WILLIAM EDRIKE et.al. Defendant-appeller PETER J. COPANIS PLANTAH - APPELLANT LEWIS RAY SPRADLIN et al. Defendants-appeller ON APPEAL FROM THE U.S COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA DAUDERIS

appollent, PETERJ. COPANIS REQUESTS LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA PAUPERS. PADELLANT HAS REQUESTED AND WAS GRANTED LEAVE TO APPEAL IN FORMA PAUPERIS IN CASE MISC -01577 U.S. DISTRICT COURT PHOENIX, MRIZONS BY U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE WILLIAM P. COPPLE ON JULY 27, 1983 A COPY OF SUCH ORDER GRANTING LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA PAUPERIS IS ATTACHED HERETO AND HADE PART OF THIS MOTION. THE ATTACHED STATEMENT SHOWS A SIMILAR SITUATION EXISTS THAT SHOULD PORMIT GRANT LEAVE TO FILE IN FORMA DAUDERS IN THIS INSTANT CASE.

WHERE FORE APPELLANT REQUESTS THE CLEEK OF THIS COVET TO DOCKET HIS JURISDICTIONAL STAMENT AND FILE HIS HOTTON TO DIQUALITY SENT

TO THIS COURT ON SEPTEMBER 6, 1983,

DATED THIS II TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1983 Willed Jamis

STATEMENT SUPPORTING HOTION TO FILE IN FORTH PAUPERS

Appellant POTER I COIONE STATES THE FOLLOWING ISTHETENTH:

1. Appellant is INCARCERATED IN THE SONTA GOVE COUNTY JAIL WHERE NO

NOTHER IS AVAILABLE OR FACILITIES FOX TYPING ORPHOTOCOPYING.

2, THAT APPELL ANT BELLEVES HIS INCARCEDENTION IS AN ATTEMPT BY THE STATE OF ARIZONA TO DEFORM HIS APPEND CONCERNING THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE ARIZONA "NO FAULT" DI VORE STATUTES

3. THAT APPOLLANT HAV ONLY ABOUT YOU OF IN THE BANK AND BECAUSE OF HIS INCARCORPATION IS UN ABLE TO BORREND SUCH MONIES NOCOSTALY TO

DOCKET HIS APPEAL IN THIS COOKET.

4. THAT Affirm HAS PROPERTY BUT SUCH PROPERTY IS THOSUP BY ACCURE ORDER SUPERSEORS STAY AND APPOLLANT CANNOT BORROW OR SELL SUCH PROPERTY.

5. THAT Affirms BELLEVES HE WILL HAVE THE MONEY TO PAY HIS APPENDED IN FULL

AT A LATTER DATE AND PROMISES TO PRY AT THAT THE.

6. THAT AffrANT REQUESTED TO FILE IN FORMS PAUPERS IN A RELATED CASE MISC -01577 IN PHOENIX DISTRICT COURT AND WAS GRANTED THERIGHT TO APPEAL BY U.S. DISTRICT COURTSUDGE WILLIAM P. COPPLE, INFORMA pauperes on July 27, 1983, A copy of such or Deels ATTACher Horceto.

7 THAT A SIMILAR SITUATION STILL EXISTS AND Affine BELEVES No Should

BE GROWTED HIS RIGHT TO APPEAL IN FORMAD NU PERES

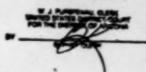
WILGREFORE APPELLENT REQUESTS HE BE PERMITTED TO APPEN IN FORMA PAUPERIS. APPELLANT / Affirm STATES THE FORGOING IS THE TROTH,

DATED THIS I'M DAY of JEPTEMBOR A83

Your CRUZ Coury SAIL NOGHES ARIZONA 85621

Paid formand of FILED

JUL 27 1983



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

In the Matter

of

2

3

10

11

12 13

14

15 16 17

23

24 25 PETER, J. COJANIS

No. MISC. - 01577 PHX

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED:

Leave to appeal in forma pauperis is granted.

DATED July 27, 1983.

United States District Judge

cc: Peter J. Cojanis 9th Circuit Court of Appeals



EN THE COURT OF APPRILATE

SARBARA MIN COLUMNS.

Petitioner/Appellee.

PETER J. COLINES,

Respondent/Appel last.

2 CACIF STEE

Six for Publication, But of Publication, Bule 49, Bules of the America Ower

APPEAL PROS THE SUPERIOR COTTY OF THEM CHINTY

Cruse No. D-2071:4

Breamble Lleyd C. Irin.

AFFIRED IN PART

Cales & Hillery by Eric Cales

-

Attorneys for Petitioner/Appellee

Peter J. Cojunia

Theses

In Propria Persons

BATHAVAT, Colof John.

1

Appares py 1

This appeal arises out of a decree of marriage dissolution and involves child custody and property distribution. Appellen filed for dissolution of the marriage in May 1979. Appellant availed himself of the services of two attorneys during the proceedings, but went to trial in propria persons and likewise is bandling his own appeal. He is not an attorney and his curve is not enhanced through his attempted self-advocacy.

In the spirit of Ackerman v. Kaufman, capta, a. 1, we have scrutinized the briefs and the record in an effort to determine whether this court should in any manner intercede. The record is confusing as are the briefs. Although we sympathize with the trial court's dilema in dealing with a difficult situation, we find that this cause must be reversed for moncompliance with A.R.S. Sec. 25-328. See Bonsey v. Rossey, 126 Aris. 336, 615 P.2d 14 (Acm. 1984). In secondance with Bonsey, all the provisions of the decree of dissolution are record and set aside except the one dissolving the marriage. That part of the decree dissolving the marriage is

Defendant in both the lower court and in this court has elected to act as his own attorney. Not being a member of the legal profession, and apparently not having own the knowledge of law which an ordinary intelligent layers possesses, his brief fails entirely to comply with the rules of this court, particularly in that there are no assignments of error. Indeed, there is no intelligible statement in the brief from which we can determine just what particular rulings of the lower court he objects to, except that he thinks he has been denied justice in the final result reached by that court.

This is not the first time that deference has appeared in this court as an appellant (citations cwitred). The same condition of the record existed in the cases just cited. On those appeals it appeared that the trial court through the should proceedings had done its best to persuade deferminst that he should secure counsel so that his rights, if he had any, could be guarded properly, but he failed to do so. When his appeals were argued the members of this court tried to impress upon him in the strongest possible manner that it was the height of folly for a man not conversant with legal procedure to attreet to conduct in his own person a contacted and complicated lamsuit, but it is evident from this appeal that such advice was utterly ignored.

Notwithstanding these facts, instead of dismissing the appeal without further consideration, as we well might do under our rules, we have essented the record carefully to see if we could ascertain therefrom whether or not defendant might have some rights which were entitled to protection by this court." 41 Ariz. at 111-112, 15 P.2d at 905-367.

APPENDING 2

In Ackerman w. Eauthon, 41 Ariz. 110, 15 p.74 net (1932), the Arizona Supreme Court, experiencing frustration at the ineptitude of a pro per appellant, observed:

affirmed and the cause in remnand for further two colors counterest with this opinion.

Just, 11. Harman, Chief Judge

CONCURBING:

District Militio, Judge

MEN C. MINESALL, Judge

Approve # 3

EXHIBIT 1

CIV 82-1335-PHX-CAN

See Long

~~		,	COVIL SOCIETY CONTINUE THON SHEET			
Surbara Ann Cojenia		m Cojenie	Peter J. Cojanis	200:27 HG. \$2-13		
847		MR.	PROCEEDINGS	PAGE_0/_P		
8/23/ 8/23/ 8/23/	12 2	1 PETITION FOR REMOVAL				
1/25/E 1/25/E	1 6	Penr Pen verified for commend to state court.				
\$/27/ts		Affid of sive of path for removal upon fale fales				
8/27/82 9/7/82 9/13/82	7	PERF HER for Order to Show Court				
9/14/82	1	at 10:00 AM. Httd for 10/14/				
-	1 -	ned for appt of private process server.				
3/17/82 3/21/82	111	Pet femare are for 10/18/82 at 10:00 AM.				
1/21/82	1	LOOGED men for	eccalerated ties for her legality of J	ludge Hardys assignment.		
1/23/82	12	I Ath to perplanes has an				
	1"	a hry on his men fe	wy on min to consolidate actns, rea injunctive relief #11 is denied. or Determination of Legality of Judge [2]	. Fur and Penrs rea for		
/27/82	-	WEST BEG. LT 6 9/24/9	21	e Hardys Assignment is		
0/6/82	14	ce: E. Cahan, P. Cojaris				
0/6/82		ORDER this cause transf to CLM for all fur proceedings.				
0/12/82		Petitioner's With for Determination of Constant				
1/12/82	-	1	transferring case to PIM (made to case			
1/15/82		ORDER (CAN) Ordered Petitioner Peter J. Cajanis's Mtm to Reconsider Order - cc: E. Cahan, P. Cajanis's CLN.				
/18/82	18	Pitf's lite of the &	Mire for for the	sality of Ania Arman		
/18/82		puy moes not have !	urisdiction, don't per te en colore	date & she said this		
		Disarissing CIV-E2-1335 and CIV-E2-1378 for lock of jurisdiction.				
21/82	19	ORGER (CLN) Order granting man to consolidate w/82-1378, FUR ORD dismissing the actions for lack of jurisdiction. Copy of this order placed in CIV-82-1378. CE: Cahan, P. Cajanis, A.Ching; S Reely.				
26/82	20	JUDGENT: Brianad H	had this anatom to the			
26-82	21	JUDGENT: Ordered that this action is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. cc: E. Cahan, P. Cajants, A. Ching; S. Realy. Def's Motion of Appeal im Order of 10-21-82 (Filed 10-25-82) (878 p. Particlements Res for Constitution)				
29/82	22	Petitioner's Reg for Certification & Transmission of all of record in consol Cases CIV-82-1235 & 1378.				
29/82	23	Petitioner's Non for Stay on Appeal.				
19/82		LOGGED: Order on min fee a security				
1-82				ated as an America		
9-82	1	ppellant Stanct	(CA 82-5908) (CA 82-5908) ript Designation & Ordering Por (continued)	IB.		

a TRUE COPY. 4th Cortified this for clother mech

F. M. Tille : 10. -

EXHIBIT #3

D-26060 Recount 18, 1983 Recount 18, 1983

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

FILED

JUN 1 3 1983

PHILLIP B. WINBERRY CLERK, U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

No. 82-5908

DC# CV 82-1335,82-1378 Arizona (Phoenix)

BARBARA ANN COJANIS,

Petitioner-Appellee,

VS.

PETER J. COJANIS.

Respondent-Appellant.

PETER J. COJANIS.

Plaintiff-Appellant,

VS.

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Judge, Superior Court, Pima County, Arizona, et al.,

Defendants-Appellees.

ORDER

Before: FARRIS and FERGUSON, Circuit Judges.

The petition for writ of prohibition, etc., filed on April 18, 1983 is denied to the extent that it seeks relief pending appeal. Appellant should promptly brief this appeal in order that the underlying issues he wishes to raise may be fully presented to, and considered by, the court.

MoCal 6/6/83

APPENDIX 5

M.R

Rocal 15, 1983

June 15, 1983

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FILED

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

JUN 1 3 1983

PHILLIP B. WINBERRY CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

No. 83 7395

DC# D-26060 WPC Arizona (Tucson)

ORDER

PETER J. COJANIS,

Petitioner;

vs.

UNITED STATES DISRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA,

Respondent,

and

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Presiding Judge, Pima County Superior Court, State of Arizona; ROBERTO C. MONTIEL, Presiding Judge, Santa Cruz County Superior Court, State of Arizona; BARBARA ANN COJANIS,

Real Parties in Interest.

Before: FARRIS and FERGUSON, Circuit Judges.

The emergency petition for writ of prohibition or mandamus or injunction is denied.

MoCal 6/6/83

all with SIA John 20 led the PETER J. CHANG GO SANTA TRUZ GUNIY JAIL NOGALES, ACIZONA 85276 85621 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA CR83-190-PHX-WPC STATE OF ARIZONA NOTICE OF APPEAL TO THE UNITED STATES SPREME GURT PETER J. GIANS DEFENDANT/PETITIONER NOTICE IS HOREBY FIVEN THAT PETOLJ. COPANIS HEREBY APPEALS TOTHE SUPPEME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE JUDGHENT OF WILLIAM P. COPPLE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DENYING DISMISSING AND REMANDING THE CAUSE TO THE COURT FROM WHERE IT CAME, ENTERED IN THIS A-Tron on July 8,1983. A DIRECT APPEAL ISTAKENTOTHE U.S. SUPREME GUAT PURSUANT TO TITLE 28 U.S.C. SECTION 1252 SINCE PETITIONER HAS BEEN UNLANOFULLY IN CARCERATED BY THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN VIOLATION OF THE AUTOMATIC INJUNCTION PROVIDED BY REMOVAL STATUTE 28090 SETION MUHED AND THOT PURSUANT TO MITCHUM V. FOSTER 925. Ct. 2151(3-4) this COURT ERRED BY NOT INTERFERENCE WITH THE STAYE COURT PROSECUTION SINCE NO VALIO CONVICTION WOULD HAVE BEEN POSSIBLE SINCE THERE HAD BEEN NOLEGAL REMAND IN CIV 82 159-TUC AND THE PEOSEOUTION WAS AIMED AT DEFERTING PETITIONERY UNLAWFUL INCARCERATION TO NO DETOCHINATION COULD BE MADE AS TOWITOHER ARIZONA NO FRULT STATUTE IS · A VYOLATION OF THE PREEKBOSE GLAUSE OF THE FIRST AMOUNTANT. DATEDTHIS 5th DAVE YOUR FIEDMAIL BY THIS COSIES AND ORIGINAL HAILED & DELIVERED TO US DISTRICT COORT ROOM 1400, ANX IZ BY ANCE TILLINGUE HOOTER \$ (8/8) 6

James Sagallate

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE MINTH CIRCUIT

FILED

JUL 0 5 1983

PHILLIP B. WINDERRY CLERK, U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

BARBARA ANN COJANIS,

Petitioner-Appellee,

WE.

1

•

.

PETER J. COJANIS,

Resondent-Appellant.

PETER J. COJANIS,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Judge, Superior Court, Pima County, et al.,

Defendants-Appellees.
PETER J. COJANIS,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

WS.

LEWIS RAY SPRADLIN, MARY V. SPRADLIN, PHILIP PAHRINGER, EDNA BLANK, JAMES D. HATHAWAY, LAWRENCE BOWARD, BEN C. SIRDSALL, ELIZABETE URWIN PRITT, RONALD SCHOLER, ERIC CAHAN, STATE OF ARISONA,

Defendants-Appellees.

No. 82-5908

DC# CV 82-1555 CLH Arizona (Phoenix)

83-1647

DC# CV 82-1150 CLH Arizona (Phoenix)

ORDER

Refore: FARRIS and FERGUSON, Circuit Judges.

Appellant's motion of June 15, 1983 to the extent that it seeks reconsideration of the court's orders of June 13, 1983 is 82-5908, etc.

denied. Appellant shall file his opening brief on or before fourteen (14) days from the entry of this order. Wo further extensions will be granted. If appellant fails to comply with this order within that period, the Clerk is instructed to dismiss the appeal pursuant to 9th Cir. R. 19(b).

HoCal 6/6/83

PETER J. COJANIS 1312 East Seventh St. Tucson, Arizona 85719

3

5

6

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

21

22

23

25

26

27 28



UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

BARBARA ANN COJANIS, Petitioner/Appellee,

VS.

PETER J. COJANIS, Respondent/Appellant.

PETER J. COJANIS, Plaintiff/Appellant,

VS.

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Judge Pima County Superior Court, et al., Defendants/Appellees

PETER J. COJANIS, Plaintiff/Appellant,

VS.

LEWIS RAY SPRADLIN, et al., Defendants/Appellees. NO. 82-5908/ 83-1647

MOTION TO ENLARGE TIME FOR FILING OPENING BRIEF

an extention of time for filing his opening brief in the above entitled causes, and as his grounds for this motion shows as follows:

1. On May 6, 1983 this court ordered appeal 83-1647 consolidated with appeal 82-5908 with the opening brief due 42 days after or on June 17, 1983.

1 of 7

APPENDIX 9A

-

1 Peter J. Cojanis 1312 East Seventh Street 2 Tucson, Arizona 85719 PECETVED

JUN 15 1983

PRUS 615-83

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

PETER J. COJANIS Petitioner,

VS.

No. 83-7395

9

£

3

5

6

7

SECOND EMERGENCY PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION AND/OR HANDAMUS AND/OR INJUNCTION.

WILLIAM P. COPPLE et al Respondents.

11 12 13

17

19

20

21

22

24

25

26

27

28

Petitioner again moves this Court for the relief requested in his June 1, 1983 petition to this Court in view of the fact that although the June 6, 1983 trial date is passed the matter has been continued with the trial set for June 28, 1983.

The Petitioner believes the state is proceeding with this trial to harass the Petitioner in order to defeat his attempt to have the Arizona "no fault" divorce law repealed because it is repugnant to the U.S. Constitution and that such prosecution is proceeding when no valid conviction can be obtained since no valid divorde judgment exists on which to base the charges of custodial interference.

The attached affidavit with the attached exhibits show that there is no divorce judgment on which to base the charges and that the State of Arizona in order to obtain a final divorce judgment and therefore moot the issue of the constitutionality of the Arizona divorce law on appeal, has:

1 of 3 Appendix 98

-

PETER J. COJANIS 1312 East Seventh St. Tucson, Arizona 85719

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE MINTH CIRCUIT COURT

BARBARA ANN COJANIS Petitioner/Appellee,

VS.

3

5

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22 23

24

25

26

27

28

PETER J. COJANIS, Respondent/Appellant,

PETER J. COJANIS, Plaintiff, Appellant,

WS.

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Judge Pima County Superior Court et al. Defendants/Appellees

PETER J. COJANIS, Plaintiff/Appellant

VS.

LEWIS RAY SPRADLIN, et al., Defendants/Appellees NO. 82-5908/83-1647

D. 26060 BC.# 1335

NOTICE OF FILING PETITION OF REMOVAL OF STATE CRIMINAL ACTION WHICH OUTCOME SERIOUSLY AFFECTS THE INSTANT -APPEAL

> PHILLIP B. WINBERRY CLERK US COURT CT SPELLS

> > JUN 2 8 1983

100 6-18 63 mm

PETER J. COJANIS, Appellant herein, respectfully notifies this Court of the filing in U.S. District Court, Tucson, of the attached Petition for Removal of Criminal Action which shows a situation exists which may require the Chief Justice of this Court to assign one impartial tribunal

1 of 2

to this matter apart from the Courts in the State of Arizons, or in other States where a similar conflict exists, for a determination to be made that no valid divorce judgment exists and therefore Appellants issue on appeal is not most and that the Appellant cannot be prosecuted for the crime of custodial interference.

Respectfully submitted this 27 24

day of June 1903

Copies of the foregoing mailed this

Honorable JAMES R. BROWNING ERIC CAHAN, Attorney for BARBARA ANN COJANIS BONALD W. SCHOOL, Attorney for SPRADLING STEVEN REELY, Attorney for JUDGE DRUKE

2 of 2

Peter J. Cojanis 1312 East Seventh Street Tucson, Arisons 85716

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

TRANSPERSO TO

STATE OF ARIZONA Plaintiff/Respondent CR \$3 180- PHX-WPC

VS.

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

25

26

27

28

PETITION FOR REMOVAL OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTION

PETER J. COJANIS Defendant/Petitioner

STATE OF ARIZONA

SS:

13 COUNTY OF PIMA

14

PETER J. COJANIS, the petitioner herein, after being duly sworn upon oath states:

- 1. Petitioner is the defendant in Santa Cruz County
 Superior Court Case 4646A for the alleged crime of custodial
 interference, a felony, based on the divorce judgment entered
 in Pima County Superior Court case D-26060 on April 22, 1982.
- 2. The defendant was arrested on December 11, 1983 based on the complaint for custodial interference signed by his estranged wife on December 8, 1982, his initial appearance was held on December 12, 1982 and he was released on his own. recognizance on December 13, 1983 see exhibits 1, 2 and 3.
 - 3. Such prosecution has not yet been brought to trial.
- 4. The Petitioner believes and therefore alleges that the State of Arizona is proceeding with this prosecution to harrass the Petitioner in order to defeat his attempt to

1 2

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- 5. The attached affidavit with attached exhibits show that there is no valid divorce judgment on which to base the charges and that the State of Arizona in order to obtain a final divorce judgment and therefore most of the constitutionality of the Arizona divorce law on appear, has:
- A: Committed fraud; by placing an altered federal remand order in Pima County Superior Court file in D-26060 in order to give the appearance that the State Court had jurisdiction when it conducted proceedings on which the judgment is based.
- B. Failed to investigate the sexual abuse of Petitioner's 10 year old daughter, who had answered written questions, submitted to the State Divorce Court prior to entry of judgment, which indicated she had been sexually abused by the man living with Petitioner's estranged wife. The State in their attempt to obtain a final divorce judgment disregarded this reported sex abuse. Petitioner has recently discovered evidence from the brother of an eleven year old girl which this same man had sexually abused some 4 or 5 years ago and will again move the Court to protect his child.
- 6. The Petitioner believes that he should be entitled to remove this action from the State Courts to the Federal Courts pursuant to the following authorities:
 - 1. United States Supreme Court in Martin v Hurar's
 2 of 6

Lessee 1W. (1816) and;

(

2. United States Supreme Court in Mitchum v. Foster 92 S. Ct 2151 (1972)

In Martin the Supreme Court stated on page 577:

That whenever a defendant may be deprived of all the security which the Constitution intended in the aid of his rights the suit may be removed from the state courts to the national courts.

and further in MARTIN page 578

The existence of the power of removal is familiar in courts acting according to the course of the common law in criminal as well as civil cases, and it is exercised before as well as after judgment.

and again from MARTIN on page 578

. . . removal of suits would be utterly inadequate to the purposes of the Constitution if it could act only on parties and not upon state courts . . . state decisions would be paramount to the Constitution.

In order for the Petitioner (defendant) to prove innocence of the crime of custodial interference he would have to prove the divorce , dement was void, and in order to prove such judgment was in fact void he would have to have a Court make a determination that the remand order was in fact a fraud and that therefore the State officials had committed this fraud.

The Petitioner contends that the State Court would never incriminate itself by admitting to the fraud and that the State Court, absolutely should not be allowed to adjudicate its own case since it has a definite interest in the outcome. Because of this fact a tribunal apart from the State must adjudicate this case, namely the Federal Courts, for unless this is done as is stated in Martin supra "[the] defendant

3 of 6

may be deprived of all the security which the Constitution intended in the aid of his rights," and therefore "the [prosecution] may be removed from the State Courts to the National Courts."

This point becomes even clearer when the United States Supreme Court in <u>Mitchum v. Foster</u> 92 S. Ct. 2151 states at page 2156,

- [3 6] In Younger, this Court emphatically reaffirmed "the fundamental policy against federal interference with state criminal prosecutions."
- . . . however the Court clearly left room for federal intervention in a pending state court prosecution in certain exceptional circumstances . . .
- 1. "Where irreparable injury is 'both great and immediate'" 91 S. Ct. at 751 (Petitioner faces trial immediately, June 27, 1983, and the injury may be great, since the crime is a felony and he may be ordered to prison.)
- 2. "Where the State law is 'flagrantly and patently violative of express constitution prohibitions."
 91 S. Ct. at 755 (The Arizona no fault divorce law is a flagrant violation of the "free exercise clause" of the First Amendment of the U. S. Constitution. More fully explained in the attached Exhibit; "Motion for Determination of the constitutionality of Arizona Divorce Statute.")
- 3. "Or where there is a showing of "bad faith, harassment or a prosecutions undertaken by state officials in
 bad faith without the hope of obtaining a valid conviction." 91 S. Ct. at 677." (The attached affidavit and
 documents show a fraud was committed in order to make it
 appear there was a valid divorce judgment and that the
 State officials are proceeding in bad faith knowing that
 no valid conviction could be obtained.)

As herewith stated the Petitioner pointed out the only way he could prove his innocence was to prove that the judgment was void and to do this he must first have a Court determine that the remand order had been altered and in order for this to be done, this State Court would have to incriminate itself

· TUK-

JUL 18 1983

PLED		
BOCHETES	DATE	BETAL

NO 82-5909/83-1647

NOTICE OF HATCHLTO

THE SWIKEME COURT

US COURT OF HYDERLS FOR THE NIMTH CIRCUIT

()

ENERHEH FINE COJANIS FETTO ONCIL / Appellmor TERENS COMMINE Perced Commis
from ff fire ELLANT

William E. DRUKE eld. DEJENNINI ALIPS LEES

PETER J COMPILS Daniel H / Age WAYT LEWIS KAY SUKADIN

Defendants / Appletes

OF THE UNITED LITHTES NOTICE IS HEREEY GIVEN THE HETSELD COMMIS THE Appellant plaintiff Respensely HOUSE NAMED, HOUSE APPENS TO THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE FINAL

ODER OF JUSTICES OF THE U.S. COURT OF AUDERLS DETYING APPELLANTS RIGHT TO APPEAL 3/ THERE DENIEL OF AN EN-LAIRGEMENT OF THE DECINIC OF ENMONDINGLY CIRCUMSTANCES CINSED BY UNLANGED STHIE CONDUCT. THE TIME THE PRICHE TO BECOME IS WHEN SUCH ORIEN STREET BY THE CONST DATED DING FLYST

MERCENTED WHERES HAROW APPENDIA 10

FILED

AUG 12 1983

CLERK US COURT OF AFFECT

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

BARBARA ANN COJANIS,

Petitioner-Appellee,

VS.

PETER J. COJANIS,

Respondent-Appellant.

PETER J. COJANIS,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

VS.

WILLIAM E. DRUKE, Judge, Superior Court, Pima County, et al.,

Defendants-Appellees.

PETER J. COJANIS,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

TS.

LENIS RAY SPRADLIN, MARY V. SPRADLIN, PHILIP)
FAHRINGER, EDNA BLANK, JAMES D. HATBAWAY,
LANGENCE HOMARD, BEN C. BIRDSALL, ELISABETE
URNIN FRITZ, ROMALD SCHOKER, ERIC CAMAN,
STATE OF ARIZONA,

Defendants-Appellees.

Before: PARRIS and PERGUSON, Circuit Judges.

No. 82-5908

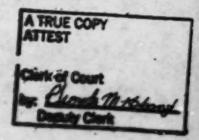
DC# CV 82-1335 and CV 82-1378 CLH Arizona (Phoenix)

ORDER

No. 83-1647

DC# CIV 82-1150 PHX CLH Arizona (Phoenix)

ORDER



APPX 11

82-5908,83-1647

In light of appellant's recent incarceration, the court grant's appellant an extension of time to file his opening brief. Appellant shall file his opening brief on or before twenty-one (21) days from the entry of this order. In all other respects the court declines to reconsider its order of July 5, 1983. The court will not entertain any further motions for reconsideration.

McCal 6/6/83

Appr 120

EXPLOIDED. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PINA Jones States 10. D-26060 DATE March 29.00 In re the Marriage of: Evil Cada Butue la Comi Retug Corning MINUTE BOTH Pel Xenin Separte 10:25 a.m. Beth pertin greent. neldenin reporteri He Court state that price to the dearing this date, the perties met filed with the Februal Court a Retter day Renaval. He court accommedge a telephone call received at 10:10 a.m. this date brow Richard Friends, Clerk Low the Gus, Bildy had brief a grown Plusty Superior Court for all further protection: The Land: Thelen heavy

1237

be continued intil also just recent estay

he Cojania requests that the mother

Ben les for

19-57 (8/79)

Mi-

appx Re

MINUTE ENTRY

.

Page No. 2 Date Beach 29, 1912 Case No. D. 26060 The court states that it relies upon the telephone means that the matter is being remembel to the Sacrie Court and Just be date time. Cent and runal take us ilsel metter regarding the netter that will be breed hunter land dury The court state that it will hear The matters newshing the stipletion Corcering child custly dissibilion attle marrier and division of solvert Of an Ordered advating stigulation extend into between The parties regulere duición o Communito projectly best and dette to the acticle the custode of the mine children and one at he matter set donth in the stimulation. The court states that it will not sign any desmal order until such time as a minite entire is received from the Fellel Court hemarling the matter back to the Superior Cust. Reter Cajonia is swam, examined and testifies. Mr. Cajania mores to sivohe The rule which metin is Grand and Trey he teyle, Deputy Clerk.

1000 M

appx 12 ps

HUNDY ENTRY

Meson lada and Coronia sugue The Goust lada the matter of themy In Rober Shuming requests that in seguil a minitation betat The Rubon be restrained from busing present when transfer the miner children is made as that Are Relon delinia the children to respect to seather which request in Deniel. The court state that it will the The issue of back child separat Therefore the Art This matter is cationed to Therefore The Color to the that this matter is cationed to Therefore The Color to the Court stands at secure	go 20. 4	Da March 2	2. 1912 Can	4 10. <u>D. 2606</u>	60
The Court takes the matter of thomy in the Marker Mannes requests that in regard when the matter of the maintain that the Malon he was that the matter when therefore the miner children is make as that the children to the Mannest which request is Deniel. Nearly the Child support the The issues of back child support to the The issues of back child support to the Mannest to Market that this matter is the Court state that this matter is the Court of Market 30, 1982 at 9:30 a.m. The Court of Market at Market at Market 30, 1982 at 9:30 a.m. The Court of Market at Ma	There	. Calar	and Cop	inis segu	
As . Coming requests that in regards a maistation that The Rubon by satisficated from bung present who transfer the minus children is made as that Are Rubon stelling the Children to requests residence, which request the Court state that it will the The issue of back child segment The ladden that this metter is retinized to Thomas 30, 1912 at 9:30 a.m. Till gome Court stands at recess Cette a Cognilia - 270/ E. Cognilia Superior Court Risport Of 1940/ The Way of Page - The family states of the court Risport Of 1940/ The Court of the Court of the court of the court Risport Of 1940/ The Court of the court of the court of the court Risport Of 1940/ The Court of the court	attelia	-			
As. Comment Regard to the Service of minister that the help of the service of the	un Kades	alverent			
Lette of Commentation of Lands	n	Coming Me	west Ed	at in se	ged
Are helm deline the Children to Are helm deline the Children to Ale Court state that it will Le Court state that it will Le Court state that it will Le Court state that the metter is There 30,1812, therefore There 30,1812 at 9:30 a.m. Till g m. Court starts at News. Cotts 9. Crains - 270 & Crack Juesa & 15714 La Lye & Page - Arising Court, Sugarial Court Response Of 1640 There are a court of the start of the service of the se	a. Tra. il	drom being	must.	under tran	der
Ace Relon delinis the Children to Leanne desti Meridian which request The Court state that it will Lea The issue of back child segment Thered 30,1912, therefore It he bridged that this matter is Estimat to Marid 30, 1912 at 9:30 cm. J:12 g m. Court stands at News. Cotto 0. Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copin, Jucon & 15716 Least Copinis - 27w & Copins Copins Least Copinis - 27w & Copins Copins Least Copins - 27w & Copins Least Copi	The mi	es children	in mas	le as the	-
The Court state that it will Les The issue of back child segant Dend 30,1982, therefore It la ladical that this matter is externed to March 30, 1982 at 9:30 a.m. 5:12 pm. Court stands at News. Gette O. Copania - 270/ 6. Logan Juesa & 957/6 La May I Prop. Perform Court de period Court Magnet Of. 1640/ The proper Of. 1640/ The proper of the court	mrs. helan	- deliver t	be child	un to	
The Court state that it will Les The issue of back child segant Dend 30,1982, therefore It he hadred that This matter is externed to March 30, 1982 at 9:30 a.m. J:12 p.m. Court stands at News. G: Lette O. Copins - 270/ E. Logar Juesa by 15716 Lette O. Copins - 2	Perie	ti sealle	u, wu	1	
Manuel 30/182, Kleinford Je Galledinel total This matter is potenied to March 30, 1982 at 9:30 g.m. 5:12 p.m. Caust stands at News. Gette O. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jucan de 157/6 Land Bland Brown County Sugaried County Manuel 30, 18640/ Police Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jucan de 157/6 Land Bland Brown County Sugaried County Manuel 30, 18640/ Manuel 30, 1882 at 18640	The	Court state	that	it will	
Le la lideral total at this matter to Stimul to March 30, 1982 at 9:30 e.m. Sila p m. Caust stands at Neces. Sunt Alministration Lette a Copini - 270/ E. Lagar Juesa de 157/6 La					
Jila gom. Court stands at News. Jila gom. Court stands at News. Jila gom. Court stands at News. Cotto o. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jucon de 157/6 La Very t Prope - Arfam, Court, Superial Court Mingray Of. 1640/ Mills School Court Mingray Of. 1640/ Mills School Court Mingray Of. 1640/ Mills School Court Mingray Of. 1640/ Mingr	- March	a Ordered to	fat this	metter e	
Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Q. Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Q. Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la Commission - 270/ E. Compar Juesa la 157/6 Lette Que la 157/6 Lette Qu	stimed	to march	30, 1982.	£ 9:30 A.	<u>m.</u>
Lette Q. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jueson by 157/6 Lette Q. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jueson by 157/6 Lette Q. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jueson by 157/6 Lette Q. Copins - 270/ E. Copen Jueson by 157/6 Alex Advanced Click They are the copins of	5:12	pm. Cand	stands	st rue	<u> </u>
Lette 9. Copins - 270/ 6. Copin Juesa & 157/6 Les Grands - 270/ 6. Copins Juesa & 157/6 Les Grands - 270/ 6. Copins Juesa & 155/6 Les Grands - 270/ 6. Copins Juesa & 156/6 Les Grands - 270/ 6.	Quet as	ministrates			
The craft of the state of the s	i Cade	L. Ege .	01 4	-3/	
The CT All the control of the Contro	Lette 9. 6	FROM - De	law County	Sugarial	Court
They are the second of the sec	-	His	on 34 Of.	16401	
Dengle Jest, Deputy Clerk.	nder and	went Clu	k o		
Dengle Jager, Deputy Clerk.					
Dengle Jager, Deputy Clerk.					
Dengle Jest, Deputy Clerk.					
Deputy Clerk.					
3.13. Carrie 1. 1240			Beyle	Tyles . Dep	uty Clerk.
1240	********	2-9 9-2	0	0	
			1. 1240		М-н

KENUTE ENTRY Page No. 3 Date Back 29,1912 Case No. D. 26060 Bo hommell is excused from the is White I beris a Gar page 3 + 4 de patriel telescon of bearing hell may 8, 1980, is identify swame, Marriel affident of his Colon regardle legal services rendered, is identified al sometted. 1:30 p.m. Court Stands until 2:45 g.m. This date. 2:53 p. m. Dlerle Brokman Beth partie great. Bartie helea previously dustles cross-examined. met under the rule. detition reals. & Regone: Cette & Cajania principaly dayour severe the start gal testilis. Both side sed.

Deybertefer, Deputy Clerk.

1 1239

appy /Zc

EXHIBIT SH BARBARA ANN COJANIS, Superior Court for all further proceedings. order dated 9/25/81; and CIV 81-473, order dated 11/6/81 The foregoing instru full, true, and correct copy of the original on file in this office.

Peter J. Colants. 2701 E. Copper St. "B" Tunson, Arizona 35716

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF STATE

in re the parriage of: SAKBARA ANN COJANIS Petitioner

3

12

14

15

16

47

19

되

21

24

D-26060 MOTION FOR . MEN TRIAL

comes and the Respondent and requests the court for a new trial because of his failure to receive a fair and impartial, this created because of his self representation, with such representation necessary to defead his right to exercise his religious heliefs as guaranteed by the first Amendment to the United States Constitution and to defend against the tight of the state to phase a law (ARS -25-313) which respondent alleges is unconstitutional since it denies a person consecting a divorce his equal rights.

The respondent contents that because of the forgoing holdings and the failure to obtain several lawyers to represent these haldings, he should not be penalized for his suit propresentation and that to overcome the bias, and prejudice ereated by his suit prepresentation he be afforded the timely demanded trial by jury which he has repeatedly replaced.

l of 1

APPLIA

The proposed was decied a fair trial in the following

- 1. The denial of a trial by dury of his poers.
- The fallure of the court to compact the Pirst and Fourteenth Amendment rights and stay the divorce until the Arizona Supreme Court ruled on the Constitutionality of ARE \$25-312.
- 3: The failure of the court to order an investigation of the alleged child abuse as required by State Day.
- 4. The failure of the court to appoint a child attorney as requested by motion on January 12, 1982 and the failure of the court to rule on the motion within 60 days pursuant to ARS. Rule 77(h).

10

12

14

15

t6

: 17

-18

- 5. The failure of the court to permit a fair hearing on the newly discovered evidence with such hearing belief our short by the court to just 10 minutes.
- 6. The failure to obtain a fair trial because 67 the scheduling of the trial just prior to Corretmas whom it should be difficult to have witnesses attend.
- The bias and prejudicial attitude of Judge Pepe as to controly of the children with the judge bracist, in an April 19, 1982 telephone sonversation, that respondent about try to stop getting his children and that children didn't have that they beated and were being like like. A year old children.
- The respondent further contents the mided of attorney foce agatist the respondent resulted because of the

APPL 15

prejudicial attitude of the judge against his solfrepresentation and was harsh and excessive and unverranted since respondent had won the appeal. ... \ WHEREFOLE respondent, because of his baliefs, has been forced to represent himself, requests 4 new trial be granted, to afford him the opportunity to be judged fairly, umbiasly, and without discrimination before a jury of his poors. Respectfully Submitte 13 Copies of the forgoing mailed this Zun day of hay 1982 to: 14 Eric Cahan 705 Transamerica Title Blds. Tucson, Arisona 85716 STATE OF ARIZONA) The foregoing instrument is a 'ull, true; and conrect copy of the piginal or file in this office.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE IN AND POR THE COUNTY OF PINA Id to the marriage of: BARBARA ANN COJARIS, Potitioner, D-26060 HOTION FOR MEN TRIAL CANEMDER PETER J. COJANIS, COMES NOW the respondent and submits the following in in support of his motion for new trial: 1. That the order dissolving respondent's supersedeus II bond disregarded the rulings of the Monorable MARRY GIRM, that 16 the stay would in offect until the final determination by the 16 Arisona Supremo Court was a violation of Article I Section 10 of 17 the Constitution of the United States and which Judgo POPE was is jubligated to follow. 19 2. That the proceedings conducted on Herch 29, 1982 to the State Court were null and void since jurisdiction rested in 21 the U.S. District Court until the proper legal mendate was re-If caived from the Federal Court by the clark of the Separior Court. 23 A signed minute entry received on the following day, March 30, 34 1982, did not legally transfer jurisdiction to the state court. Therefore the proceedings are null and wold and the jud 31 therefore wold.

Available

2 State of Artsons County of Pine THETER J. COJAMIS first being sworn under oath states: 1. That on the morning of Merch 30, 1982 Judge GARY R. FUPE stated to the affiant in the court chambers, in the presence of ERIC CAHAM, and prior to hearing evidence from the testimony s of witnesses concerning attorney fees, that he was going to grant the attorney fee requested by ERIC CAMAN and that he would grant in fees in excess of what the accorney had requested. 2. That affiant bolievos that this judge's statement 12 shows that he prodotormined that matter, before hearing evidence and that the plociaton on attorney fees was not impartial and was 14 made to Injure the affiant. PURTHER APPLANT SAYETH NOT

I projudicial attitude of the judge, and the violation of the United Statos Constitution the respondent requests that a new stiel be granted before a jury of his poers." The respondent requests that this hearing on the mition for new trial be set before a judge other than Judge GARY R. POPE. perfully submiss Copies of the foregoing mailed this 174 to the law office of 13 ERIC CAHAH 705 Transamerica Bldg. Tueson, Arizona 85716 STATE OF ARIZONA") COUNTY OF PIMA The foregoing instrument is a 17 'ull, trus, and correct copy of the 136 original on file in this office. JAMES A CORRECT; Clork 业 24

() GENETES G)

87 MT 31 WD 38

DI THE UNITED STATES BUTTESCT COURT POR THE SHITESCT OF PRINCIPA

March 29, 1982

PETER J. COJAFIS.

PLADITURY,

DEFENDANT.

No. CTV 82-159-TUC-RO

BARBARA ANN COJANTS.

ORDE

1

D 26060

IT IS ORDERED that this matter is remembed to the Superior Court for all further proceedings. See CIV 81-438, order dated 9/25/81; and CIV 81-473, order dated 11/9781.

FRAND COMY

FILED BY MEN

MA TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE

STATE OF ARTICIA | CO.

The foregoing instrument is a full, "rue, and comment many of the original on file in this office.

STREET, CORNETT, Clerk

By (-1) 1 sun Beputy

Carris Carris RMB . 4900

M-

APPX19

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT (SET 1000 PS)

FOR THE DETRICT OF ARROWS

Narch 25, 1982

Narch 25,

FILED

Day

Day

And

The part of the part

PETER J. COJANIS 2701 E. Copper St. "B" Tucson, Arizona 85716 OCT 12 1982

W. A PURCTENISH CLOSE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT OF ALL ALL

FOR THE DISTRICT OF ALL ALL

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

BARBARA ANN COJANIS Petitioner/Respondent

CIV 82-1335-PHX-CLH

VS.

MOTION FOR DETERMINATION OF CONSTITUTIONALITY OF ARIZONA DIVORCE STATUTE

PETER J. COJANIS Respondent/Petitioner

The Petitioner respectfully requests the Court for a determination to be made as to whether the Arizona Divorce Statute ARS 25-312 is unconstitutional.

The Petitioner also requests the Court for leave of ten days in which to submit an additional memorandum of law supporting the contention that the Arizona law is unconstitutional.

The Petitioner contends that the Arizona Divorce Statute
ARS 25-312 is unconstitutional for the following reasons:

- The law deprives Petitioner his First Amendment vested right, the light to freely exercise his religious belief, namely to maintain his marriage.
- 2. The law permits a person moving for a divorce to violate the First Amendment by not having to show whether their request for divorce damages society, when it is clear that the exercise of such right to divorce does in fact damage society

1 of 6

APPX20

3

1

5

7

8

10

12

14

16

17

19

20

22

23

25

26 27 and is therefore repugnant to the First Amendment.

In support of the forgoing the Petitioner submits the attached memorandum of law with an additional memorandum to follow in the near future.

Respectfully submitted this

day of October 1982.

PETER J. COJANIS, Petitioner

Copies of the forgoing mailed this _______ day of October 1982 to:

ERIC CAHAN 705 Transameric Bldg. 177 North Church Ave. Tucson, Arizona 85701

2 of 6

Appx 21

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

In 1973, the Arizona legislature repealed the old Arizona divorce law which required sufficient cause to be shown before a person could be granted a divorce and substituted a new law whereby any person requesting a divorce could obtain one, over the objections of an opposing spouse his or her children, and in disreguard to the possible social disorder which may result from the broken family.

The Arizona law repealed in 1973 stated the grounds which must be shown before any divorce would be granted. The grounds were to wit:

(1) adultery, (2) cruelty, (3) wilful desertion for a period of one year, (4) neglect for a period of one year, (5) habitual interperance, (6) conviction of a felony, (7) separation for a period of five years or more, (8) wife pregnant at the time of marriage by another man without knowledge of the husband, (9) conviction of a felony or infamous crime prior to the marriage without knowledge of the other spouse, (1) continued physical incompetence of one spouse beginning at the time of marriage.

The new statute enacted in 1973 and still in effect:

25-312. DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE: FINDINGS NECESSARY.

The court shall enter a decree of dissolution of marriage if it finds each of the following:

- That one of the parties, at the time the action was commenced, was domiciled in this state, or was stationed in this state while a member of the armed services, and that in either case the domicile or military presence has been maintained for ninety days prior to filing the petition for dissolution of marriage.
- 2. The conciliation provisions of 25-381.09 either do not apply or have been met.
 - 3. The marriage is irretrievably broken.

3 of 6

Appx 22

3 4 5

1

2

6

8

10

12

13

15

16

17

18

20

22

23

29

25

26

4. To the extent it has jurisdiction to do so, the court has considered, approved and made provision for child custody, the support of any natural or adopted child common to the parties of the marriage entitled to support, the maintainence of either spouse and the disposition of property.

2 3

 The Petitioner contends that the new Arizona law enacted in 1973 is a clear violation of his rights and privelidges as provided by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution since the State is forcing him to do something against his wishes and religious beliefs without the required proof or any showing whatsoever that he has done wrong or done anything disruptive to society and therefore, the State is depriving him unlawfully of his cherished vested right, his religious belief to maintain his marriage, provided to him by the "free enterprise" clause of the First Amendment to the United Stated Constitution which states to wit:

"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."

The Petitioner contends that this vested right as provided by the First Amendment is an absolute right and connot be taken from a citizen of this country without clear and convincing proof that the exercise of such belief or right is damaging to society. This requirement is clearly absent from the Arizona divorce law the result being that many innocent people, with the meritorious desire to remain married and thus maintain social order, are forced by the State to destroy the very heart of society, the united family.

4 of 6

The authority in support of the forgoing is Reynolds vs.

United States 98 U.S. 145, 25 L. Ed. 244 where the court quoted,
on page 163, the definition of religious freedom and where such
interference may be permissible by reference to the writings of
THOMAS JEFFERSON the Supreme Court at page 163 states:

8 9

:1

As the next session the proposed bill was not only defeated, but another, "for establishing religious freedom," drafted by Mr. Jefferson, was passed. 1 Jeff. Works, 45; 2 Howison, Hist. of Va. 298. In the preamble of this act (12 Hening's Stat. 84) religious freedom is defined: and after a recital "that to suffer the civil magistrate to intrude his powers into the field of opinion, and to restrain the profession or propagation of principles on supposition of their ill tendency, is a dangerous fallacy which at once destroys all religious liberty," it is declared "that it is time enough for the rightful purposes of civil government for its officers to interfere when principles break out into overt acts against peace and good order." In these two sentences is found the true distinction between what properly belongs to the church and what to the State.

By the forgoing authority it can be seen that the

Petitioner by his desire to maintain his marriage has committed

no "overt act against peace and good order." However, when

applied to his spouse it can readily be seen that her act

(divorce) is such that it is against "peace and good order"

since the broken home is widely held to be disruptive to

society.

It follows therefore that the State of Arizona, by the enactment of such "no fault" divorce law, can unlawfully disrupt society, by divorcing a person, against his will, a person who may have done nothing offensive to society, who

5 of 6

wishes to maintain a cherished right, provided by his country's Constitution.

It follows therefore that the State of Arizona can and has by the power of its legislature enacted such no fault divorce law which:

- 1. Unlawfully disrupts society, by divorcing a person, against his will, a person who may not have done anything offensive to society, who wishes to maintain a cherished right as provided by this country's Constitution, a right which is benificial to society.
- 2. Has provided person's moving for divorce the opportunity to exercise a right provided to them by the First Amendment, namely to obtain a divorce. to destroy the family, to cause suffering to their spouse and children, and disruption and expense to society, all without having to show sufficient cause.
- 3. State officials have failed as mandated by law to provide spouses and their children the necessary protection, as provided in the First Amendment, from those individuals who have committed or try to commit "overt acts against peace and good order" by obtaining a divorce without just cause and in violation of the Constitution of the United States of America.

WHEREFORE Petitioner prays that the Arizona law ARS Section 25-312 be declared unconstitutional.

Respectfully submitted this

6 of 6

1

2

3

4

25

26

EXECUTED ENHIBITS

CRID CAHAN MITTO M U.S. MITTO M U.S. WELET, MITTON 1999 1990 (MITTON)

PCC 17616

1 1

3

48

5

13

15

15

28

19

10

21

22 II

23

23

23

23

Animay for Petillener

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PINA

In Re the Harriage of: BARBARA A. COJACIES,

Peritieser.

and

PETER J. COJAMIS.

Respondent.

NO. D-26060

ORDER DENYING HOTTOM FOR MENI TRIAL, ORDER BENYING HOTTOM TO STAY EMFORCEMENT OF JUDICIAN AND ORDER SETTING SUPERSEDEAS BOMD

FILFD Des 20611191

THIS MATTER COMMENT on for hearing on " pomment's Matter
for Men Trial (dated May 7, 1982) Respondent's Matter for Men
Trial Accorded (May 26, 1982) and Respondent's Met in Stay
Enforcement of the Judgment, the Perisioner not appearing in
person but oppearing through counsel, ERIC CAMAI, and the
Respondent not appearing and this matter having been set for
2:00 p.m., on this date and the Respondent calling the Court and
advising the Court that he would be unable to prefer the bearing

2357 m/874

Appx 20

metil 2:30 p.m., then at 3:15 p.m., the Respondent still not appearing and the Court distring for the record the status of this case and councel stating his objections to Respondent's Detiens and the Court taking the matter under phylocenent: IT Is CREAKED that Respondent's Mation for Her Trial and Detion for Her Trial Accorded to denied. IT IS FUNCTION ONLINED that the Dation to Stay Enforcecont of the Judgmont in this particular action, the Judgmont . dated at of April 19, 1982, is desired. IT IS GREEKED secting a supersectors band at this time 11 for the Judgment entered on April 19, 1982 in the arount of 12 595,000.00 and granting a ten-day stay after a formal Order has 13 been signed by the Court. The stay is to enable by Cojumis to 14 post the arount of the hand and to sher good cause, if any he has, is thy he and not appear this date, to request that the amount be is lemered. DETE ET OPEN COURT Châs 1982. @ 1130 P.il. 21 COURTY OF PINA 22 The foregoing instrument is a 21 : full, true, and correct dopy of the De of ignal on file in this office. 2317 ×1875

Office of the Clerk Acutes Court of Expends for the Plinth Circuit M.A. Court of Spycold and Deat Office Bealt 76 & Mintes Berreis, B.@ Bux 547 Sen Francis, Calderso 1417. August 12, 1983 Peter J. Cojanis Santa Cruz County Jail North Bankard Street Nogales, Arizona 85621 Re: Cojanis v. Cojanis/ Cojanis v. Druke Nos. 82-5908; 83-1647 Dear Mr. Cojanis, I am writing in response to your letter of August 7, 1983. · Please be advised that this court does not provide copies. The following is the address of a copy service which you may wish to contact: Judicial Update 559 Douglas Street San Francisco, California 94114 (415) 282-4491 The notice of appeal to the Supreme Court and Competition for a writ of habeas corpus you mailed was received by this court on July 19, 1983. Very truly yours Patrick Fisher Deputy Clerk Willa J. Madden Law Student Assistant

mi of Com

POTER J. COJAMS 1312 EAST SEVENTH ST. TUCSON, ACTEONA 85719 RECEIVED PHILLIP B. WINBERRY CLERIC U.S. COURT OF APPLICAS

JUL 1 5 1483

UNITED STATES COURT OF Appents FOR THE MINTH CIRCUIT

PETER J. COJANS,	. No
	OF HABEAS CORPUS
THEREOF and the STATE OF ARIZONA REAL PARTY	1
IN INTEREST. RESPONDENTS.	3

PETITIONER WHO IS PRESENTLY INCARCERATED IN THE SANTA CRUZ COUNTY JAIL, NOGALES, ARIZONA, MOVESTHIS COURT TO GRANT A WRIT OF HAGENS CORPUS AND TO CROSE HIS IMMEDIATE RELEASE,

PETITIONES IN HAS SHOW HEREIN BELOW THAT HE Should be Released Because This Victorian of Function

LAW CAUSED HIS INCARCERATION, THIS COOR HAS JURISDICTION IN CASE \$2-5908 AND WITH SUCH JURIS DICTION BEING VIOLATED BY THE STATE OF ARRORD PROCESSING IN VIOLATION OF FOODERL REMOVEL LEW, This COURT HAS THE AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE THE REQUESTED BELIEF PENTIONER, WHO BECAUSE OF HIS IN CHECERATION IS UNHER TO ATTACH SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS AND RELIES ON THOSE APPRIDANTS AND DOCUMENTS SOBHITTED TO THIS COURT OF

JOHE!, 183 (FETITION FOR WRIT OF ROSIBITION) AND ON ADDX 28

Petroe J. CopANS

BIQ ENGY SCIENTA ST.

TUCSON AND SSTA

UNITED STATES COURT OF Appeals

/ = (
PETER J. COLANIS, } SHOWER J. COLANIS, } SUPPRIOR COURT and } LILLIAN FISHER a failer A failer } LILLIAN FISHER A failer A failer A failer A failer A	AFFIDAVIT OF SORVICE OF WRIT OF HABERS GROUS
The state of the s	
COUNTY OF PIME }	55:
<u> </u>	
Riva Scopellitte &	LAST BEING SWIENON OM STATES:
THAT ADJUST MAILE	A COOK of THE WRITGP HAGENS
CORPUS TO THE CLERK	U.S. COURT of Appeals; ORIGINAL AND 5 Copies
100PYTO: HON, LILLIAN FISHER	, VISITING JUBBE SANTA CAR COUNTY
A M PLOOP Prof	2
COURTS BLDG. PMA (1) 22
MUSEN ARIZ 85701	HILLS A
ICHYTO: R. BRUCE BY SPELING S	SHOW CAUS CHOWN ATTOCOMY HIT 29
GRAND ST 1. C.	1 1 12
NOGHES ALR 85	od Kita scoullie
Sasceram em a	RITH SCOPELLITTE
200000 203 2000	Defees me This _ Day of July 1983
Cramission expires 12-15-85	- Limit Mush
	NOTHEY PUBLIC

Peter J. Copinis To Souta Bruy Co Jail Nagales Army 85621 IN THE JUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES BARBARR A. Copenis Rothin / appelle Respondent populat Peter 9 Copani Stawff / appellant Welliam E. Druke what. Defendant / appelle Peter L'aginin Banes / Expellent Lewes Ray Spradlinetal PROOF OF SERVICE STATE OF ARIZONA) SS: JoHn Co Jours of the being duly soon that:

That he maded a copy of the perischetured statement and a copy of the motion to file in Forme Paupein with poster prepriet to ERIC CANAN, RONALD W SOMMER AND JEVEN NEELEY THIS 200 DAY of SEPTEMBER 1983 John Cosanis Setseriled out swom before me thes -day of Sptenter 883 May Conta Dette My Commission Expires Sept. 8, 1983 NOTARY

PETERJ. COMMIS GO SANTA CRUZ CO JAIL MOGALES ARIZ 85621

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Berbera A. Cojanin Rotationer / appeller Peter J. Cojanin Plane triff / appeller William E. Druke Defendent / appeller Peter J. Cojanin Planet H/ appeller Jewis Ray Spradlin et al Defendents / appeller Court of Coppeds for Neuth Ceraint MOTION FOR LEANS TO FILE AN FORMH DANDERIS

Oppellant, PSTER J. Copanis Regulals beau to july in forme payario Petetanu has osted and was granted bone to appeal in forme payario in case MISC - 015 77 U.5 Destruct Burt, Phremis Aniz. In a related case having appealed to the U.S Court of Oppeals. This Leave was granted by U.S. Destruct Burt forly William Pcopple ON JUly 27, 1983. Petetroin attacked the statement showing Sunilar conditions light that would require a granting of leave to fill in Forme payario in the case. attached pain granting Forma Payario.

DATE Original 31, 1983 (Ity Hopona)

STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FORLEAVE TO APPEAL IN FORMA PAUPERS appellant Peter Cajains who dresnot have a motory available or focilities for tuping and photo oping evoltable hexause of his incorceration in a Small State County job in Nogeles state the Following to be the touth. 1. That appellant her ban encarcerated by the State in an attempt to defeat his expeal of the anyone no fault devoice Statute. 2. That afficient has about 100,00 coshin the bouk But owes mumbrous bille and becoure of his evereration is unable to make arrangement to borrow plach money to pay his appeal docket fee to this court at the present time. 3 That affect has property which is "tiel" up on appeal by a supersedue stay and he connect sell such property or borrow from it. 4. That affirst believes he will have money to pay his appeal in full at a later dational promises to do so as soon as it is possable 5. That affint basken granted have to appealin a related core Mise 015 77 play district Court 6. That similiar conditions exist that again would. warrent leave to appealing forme pauperis WHERE FORE appelland requests habe permitted to appeal in forme pargeris. all the forgoing is the truth DATED THIS 34 PAY PARAGUST 1983 Me / Cojain No volary available because of fail.